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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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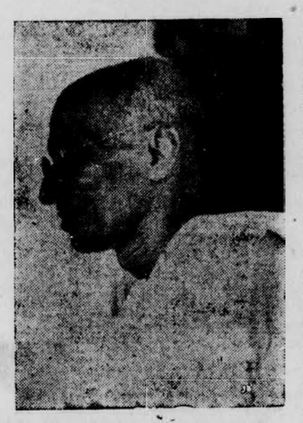
Britain Must Avoid Versailles In India

Rajaji Exposes Tactics Of Officialdom

DOES LORD LINLITHGOW DESERVE MR. C. RAJAGOPALACHARIAR'S CHARGE?

Stop-Gap Methods Will Not End Deadlock

Why Quarrel About Goal When Demand Even For National Govt. At Centre Is Ignored?



Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar.

Britain must avoid committing the mistake of Versailles in India. India cannot be suppressed. Her just birthright cannot be refused. British policy in respect of India was dangerously like Versailles.

IN THESE WORDS MR. C. RAJAGOPALACHARIAR, MEMBER OF THE CONGRESS WORKING COMMITTEE AND EX-PREMIER OF MADRAS, DEFENDED THE DELHI RESOLUTION ON CONGRESS DEMAND.

Congress Will Deliver Goods

Mr. Rajagopalachariar said, whatever the Viceroy or any one else might say, "we shall get what we have asked for in the Delhi resolution." The demand of the Congress is a just demand and if the people stand solidly behind it, the Congress will deliver the goods to the people of India as well as to Britain. The Congress has not failed before and will not fail now."

MADRAS, Aug. 4.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar opened a campaign for support to the Delhi resolution at a largely attended public meeting at the Congress House this evening.

Addressing the gathering in Tamil he appealed to the people not to be misled by talks about the loss of Mahatma Gandhi's leadership, and asserted that it was not lost and could never be lost. The national struggle, he said, would surely have his great leadership. Mr. Rajagopalachari referred to Mahatma Gandhi's latest article in the "Harijan" and said that it should set aside all idle talk and apprehension on that score. He appealed to the people not to indulge in forecasts but to take it for granted that Congress was going to win in this struggle.

DON'T BE MISLED.

The demand put forward in the Delhi resolution was not one that could be resisted by Britain, continued Mr. Rajagopalachari. India could no longer be ruled by a foreign Government and the delay went, only to hurt Britain's cause. He said the people must with one voice endorse the demand for the immediate formation of the National Government for India and a clear declaration of Britain's acknowledgement of India's right to independence. The propaganda that he gathered the British authorities in India were carrying on was that Mahatma Gandhi would not look at anything less than complete independence and, therefore, no negotiation was possible. He would ask people not to be misled by such propaganda.

WHO TO BLAME.

He pointed out that so long as the Viceroy opposed even the formation of a National Government it was misleading to refer to the dispute as to Dominion Status. That the intention to part with power was not there was clear from the stubborn opposition to the demand for the formation of a Responsible National Government, representing all

(Continued on page 5)

CONGRESS WILL WAIT FOR THREE WEEKS?

MADRAS, Aug. 4.

Asked why no time-limit had been fixed for the Government to concede the Delhi demand of the Congress Working Committee, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, in an interview, said: "Yes, that is on many men's lips. But are not the Britishers at least as much in a hurry to get India's help in the war as India is to give her help to secure her independence? A charitable construction of the delay so far in British response after the Delhi resolution may be that Britain was waiting for its confirmation at [illegible]

"Now that Poona has done its part and the Working Committee is to meet shortly again, does it not follow that Britain is expected to speak in these three weeks' interval? Dignities and decencies of high politics need not be marred by the enumeration of figures, if the purpose can be served equally well otherwise."—United Press.

More 'Last Appeals To Reason'

LONDON, Aug. 4.

A later Air Ministry and Ministry of Home Security announcement says that it is now reported that during the night enemy aircraft dropped more leaflets in a few districts of Wales and south-west England, containing Herr Hitler's recent Reichstag speech.—Reuter.

Queen Celebrates 40th Birthday

LONDON, Aug. 4.

Her Majesty the Queen celebrated to-day her 40th birthday. There was an informal party at which the King was present, but the usual celebrations were not observed.—Reuter.

Mile-Long Procession Pays Last Tribute

Funeral Of Late Ruler Of Mysore: Country-Wide Tributes

MYSORE, August 4.

THE FUNERAL RITES OF THE LATE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE WERE PERFORMED ACCORDING TO THE ORTHODOX HINDU STYLE, THE BIER BEING ACCOMPANIED BY NEARLY A MILE-LONG PROCESSION.

Citizens' Last Tribute

THE FUNERAL PROCESSION STARTED FROM THE PALACE AT ABOUT 9 A.M. AND REACHED THE BURNING GHAT AN HOUR LATER. A VAST SECTION OF THE CITY'S POPULATION, INCLUDING THE PRINCIPAL OFFICERS OF THE STATE, WERE PRESENT AT THE FUNERAL.

Move For Memorial

THERE IS A MOVE TO PERPETUATE THE MEMORY OF LATE MAHARAJA, WHO WAS VERY POPULAR AMONG HIS SUBJECTS IN A FITTING MANNER.—A. P.

INDIA MOURNS LOSS OF SAINTLY RULER

MADRAS, Aug. 4.

The news of the death of the Maharajah of Mysore was received here with profound sorrow by all classes of people.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, ex-Premier of Madras, interviewed said:—"not only the people of Mysore but the whole of India are plunged in sorrow over the premature demise of the good Maharaja of Mysore.

"The late Maharaja of Mysore" he continued, "was a man of the highest character besides being a most loving sovereign of his people. He maintained a level of conduct throughout his life which was the object of admiration and high appreciation of all the members of the official hierarchy as well as citizens of his State. Those who have seen through four decades of Mysore History can give unqualified testimony to the remarkably successful manner in which the late Maharaja maintained his cordial and intimate relationship with successive able ministers and counsellors. His judgment of men, it can be inferred was of a high order."

"RAJA RISHI OF MODERN TIMES."

Dr. P. Varadarajulu Naidu, President of the Provincial Hindu Mahasabha has sent a message to Sir Mirza Ismail, Dewan of Mysore conveying deep condolences to the members of the Mysore Royal Family. Dr. Naidu says: in the death of the Maharajah, Hindustan has lost a great Raja Rishi of modern times."

Mr. S. Satyamurti Mayor of Madras, in a statement says "the late Maharaja was a saintly man and a good ruler deeply devoted to the welfare and the happiness of his people."

He adds: the Maharaja was a connoisseur of music himself and South Indian music in the last quarter of a century owed a great deal to the Maharaja. "The sympathies of all Indians go out today to Her Highness the Maharani and His Highness the Yuvaraja of Mysore.—A.P.

IMPROVED 'TAKLI' AT SEVAGRAM

CALCUTTA, August 4.

An improvement on the present hand spinning 'Takli' ensuring more speed, has been made by an inmate of Mahatma Gandhi's Ashram at Sevagram. By working it, one may spin 400 yards of thread an hour.

The new device, known as the "Danush takli" consists of a spindle fastened on to a small bloc of wood, which in turn is fixed on to a piece of bamboo. The spindle has to be revolved by means of a bow with a leather piece almost like a thin belting. The designer of the new type 'takli' is a Polish engineer, who is at present staying in the Ashram at Sevagram.—A. P.

SOVIET'S YES TO LITHUANIA

MOSCOW, August 4.

Amid scenes of great enthusiasm, the Supreme Soviet unanimously agreed to Lithuania's request for incorporation in the U. S. S. R.—

ADDITION OF DISTS. TO LITHUANIA

A later Moscow cable says:—To Lithuania have been added certain districts from the present White Russian Republic, which is largely populated by Lithuanians.—Reuter.

MATAXAS REAFFIRMS GREECE'S NEUTRALITY

ATHENS, Aug. 4.

The best service which Greece could render to war-shaken Europe was to contribute to the maintenance of peace in South-Eastern Europe, said the Prime Minister, Gen. Mataxas, broadcasting to the nation.

He added that in the conflict "Greece, always ready to safeguard the integrity of her territory, her independence and her honour, should these precious possessions be threatened, remains and will remain neutral."—Reuter.

Rome Admits Loss Of Submarine

LONDON, Aug. 4.

A Rome communique admits the loss of another submarine.

Hindu Mahasabha's Condolence

NEW DELHI, Aug. 4.

Mr. Indra Prakash, Hony. Secretary, All-India Hindu Mahasabha has sent the following telegram to Sir Mirza Ismail, Dewan, Mysore State, on the sad demise of H. H. the Maharaja Saheb Bahadur.

"Pray accept Hindu Mahasabha's condolence on His Highness's sad demise."—A. P.

R. A. F. Proves

"Night Terror" For Nazis

Weakness Of German Ground Defences: Alleged Existence Of Balloon Barrage, Mere Fable

LONDON, Aug. 4.

Reuter's Special Correspondent, writing from the Northern Command Headquarters, describes his visit to a night bomber station, whose crews have earned the title of "Night Terror" for Germany. The correspondent says that reports from the crews to Intelligence Operators, show that widespread R.A.F. bombing has already compelled the Germans to disperse anti-aircraft defences formerly concentrated round certain areas such as the Ruhr.

POOR NAZI DEFENCE

The amount of "stuff" the Germans possess is stated to be amazing and searchlights particularly are numerous Nazi fighters remain a puzzle, being infrequently encountered at night time and the alleged existence of a large number of barrage balloons is regarded as more a fable than a fact. By skilful evasive tactics, and gliding attacks, night raiders are slowly getting the measure of the ground defences, with the result that casualties have been remarkably few.

NEW JOB FOR VETERANS

This has enabled new personnel to take place of the crews operating since the beginning of the war, the veterans being detailed to instruct recruits—a development which is regarded as of great value. Intelligence reports and observers' detailed reports of the targets hit, show that the German war machine has received a terrific hammering and night-bombing over Germany can be made even more shattering by the use of larger and more numerous formations whenever the occasion demands

BR. TROOPS IN MADAGASCAR AND CAMEROONS?

LONDON, Aug. 4.

Nothing is known in London concerning the alleged landing of British troops or Naval forces in Madagascar and the Cameroons, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

He adds that the reports are discredited here and are believed to have originated from German sources, although coming from America via occupied France.—Reuter.

CONSCRIPTION OF MASONIC JEWELS?

Call Of United Grand Lodge Of England

LONDON, Aug. 4.

Invitation to all Free masons under its jurisdiction has been issued by the United Grand Lodge of England to send in their Masonic jewels, the proceeds of which will be presented to the Treasury. Individual owners will receive certificates acknowledging their gifts. This step is stated to be without precedent in Masonic history.—Reuter.

BERLIN, Aug. 3.

According to an Amsterdam dispatch to the Official News Agency, the Director of Netherlands Textile Distribution Bureau stated that ration-cards for clothing will be issued in occupied Holland from August 2.—Reuter.

CHUNGKING DISSATISFIED

Chinese Reaction To Molotov's Speech

CHUNGKING, Aug. 4.

There is apparently a feeling of dissatisfaction in Chinese circles here at M. Molotov's speech, particularly its reference to Soviet-Japanese relations.

Although official circles remain reticent on the subject the Chinese generally express the view that the speech was an obvious Soviet move for appeasement with Japan.

The newspaper "Hsinhuajihpao," the official organ of the Chinese Communist Party, strongly defends Soviet foreign policy as "firmly adhering to neutrality and peace." It stresses Sino-Soviet friendship and urges closer Sino-Soviet relations.—Reuter.

Reaction To Arrest Of Two Japanese

TOKYO PRESS DEMAND SEVERANCE OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH BRITAIN

"Meet Outrage With Outrage"

TOKIO, August 4.

THE DOMEI AGENCY, REVIEWING PRESS COMMENTS CONCERNING THE ARREST OF TWO JAPANESE IN LONDON, QUOTES THE "HOCHI SHIMBUN" AS URGING GOVERNMENT TO TAKE ADEQUATE AND EFFECTIVE MEASURES SUCH AS RUPTURE OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS BY RECALLING THE AMBASSADOR IN LONDON.

"Take Strongest Steps"

THE "ASAHI SHIMBUN" IS QUOTED AS URGING GOVERNMENT TO TAKE THE STRONGEST STEPS AFTER INVESTIGATING THE CASE CAREFULLY, WHILE THE "NICHINICHI SHIMBUN" IS QUOTED AS DECLARING THAT JAPAN HAD BETTER MEET THE OUTRAGE WITH OUTRAGE."—Reuter.

TWO MORE JAPANESE SUBJECTS ARRESTED

TOKYO, August 4.

According to the Domei Agency two other Japanese subjects are in custody in England, namely, Takayuki Eguchi, an employee of the Bank of Formosa and Mrs. Milley Yoshii, the German-born wife of a Japanese painter. The Agency adds that both are being held "on the same charges" as Makihara and Tanabe.

Eguchi has been in prison since July 10, and Mrs. Yoshii was arrested on July 13. Mr. Okamoto, Counsellor to the Japanese Embassy, approached the British Foreign Office, in an attempt to obtain the release of Mrs. Yoshii, but his efforts have hitherto been unsuccessful, according to the Domei Agency.—Reuter.

FOUR ARRESTED BRITISHERS RELEASED

LONDON, Aug. 4.

Further British subjects who were arrested in Japan, have now been released. A telegram received at the Japanese Embassy in London to-night, gave their names as Messrs. E. W. James, Sandford, Rich and Eley. Mr. James is the Manager of Cameron and Company, Kobe, and President of the Kobe and Osaka Foreign Chamber of Commerce and Honorary Consul for Sweden. Mr. Sandford is a businessman at Teijo. The release of Mr. Eley was made known last week with five other Britishers who were also released.—Reuter.

TOKIO-BERLIN PLAN FOR NEW WORLD ORDER

TOKIO, August 3.

The newspaper "Nichi" says that the Japanese Government are considering the question of sending the Japanese Foreign Minister to Berlin for concluding a strong political entente and construction of a new world order.

The negotiations in Rome and Berlin, it is stated, will be on matters such as colonies, the redistribution of natural resources in a new world and monetary systems.—United Press.

Nazi Stranglehold On Bank Of France

LONDON, Aug. 4.

The Germans have now taken over complete control of French banks. A German expert has been appointed Commissioner.

According to the Paris wireless, the German Commissioner must be informed by the Bank of France of all measures adopted, and at the end of each month supplied with a statement of the Bank's obligations and credits.

The Bank of France will also have to place at the disposal of the Commissioner all staff and accommodation at the Bank's premises free of charge.—Reuter.

BANK OF ENGLAND CHARTER MUST GO

LONDON, August 3.

It is understood that Parliament will be asked to revoke the Charter of the Bank of England.

Eleven M.P.s have put down a motion demanding the withdrawal of the Bank's right to issue money,

the repeal of all the Acts passed in support of the Charter and

the limitation of the Bank's functions to that of a joint stock Bank.—United Press.

STOP PRESS

NAZI ERVATZ OIL SUPPLY BOMBED

LONDON, Aug. 4.

Some of the most important sources of Germany's synthetic oil supply were attacked last night by air force bombers, states the Air Ministry News Service. At Monheim part of a works set on fire in earlier attacks served as a beacon which guided later raiders to their objective. Over Bottrop other raiders saw some of their bombs hit an oil plant.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted 4 Civil Engineers, 6 Doctors, Mech. Engineers, 4 Lawyers and 4 Sub-overseers to apply 13505 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted qualified and experienced Superintendent of Police in mofussil. Apply stating age, qualifications previous experience and minimum salary expected to Box No. 3079, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Matriculates and Graduates for clerical and higher appointments in branch offices throughout India. Apply with stamp. The Garcons Syndicate, Ajmeri Gate, Delhi. (13470)

British Firm of Pharmaceutical Manufacturers propose expanding their representatives staff immediately. Applications are invited from well educated young men who have had, preferably, some pharmaceutical or chemical training. Previous experience of representative's work not necessary. Apply Box No. 13497 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for the J. L. New English School, Ahmedabad a B.A.B.T. with English and Sanskrit. Apply stating age, experience and minimum salary expected, to the Head Master. (13483)

Wanted a B.T. or B.A. B.Sc. knowing Marathi and Kanarese for the teacher's posts in the Municipal Secondary Middle School, Kaliyal. Applications must reach the undersigned by the 8th August, 1940 with their testimonials, if any. (Sd.) A. P. Desai, President, Municipality Kaliyal, Dist. N. Kanara. (3080)

MOTOR DRIVING TUITION

People wishing to learn motor-driving in fortnight. Individual systematic instructions. Experienced teacher. Charges moderate. Apply Box No. 13491, "Bombay Chronicle."

115 MOTOR CYCLES.

For immediate sale a 3 1/2 H. P. "Royal Enfield Bullet" in excellent condition. Also a brand new Raleigh Cycle. Apply to or see personally Mr. Palamkote, King Edward Hospital quarters, Parel between 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. (13504)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that furniture and fixtures, (tables, chairs, partitions, fans, etc.) of Agfa Photo Co., Ltd., at Canada Building, Hornby Road, are FOR SALE and are open for inspection. Reasonable offers are invited for parts or for the whole lot. (3102)

GOVERNMENT SERVICE

WANTED DEMONSTRATOR in Mathematics, Applied Mechanics and Hydraulics, College of Engineering, Poona. Pay Rs. 135-8-215. Age limit 25.

Full details available on application with two anna stamped addressed foolscap envelope to the Principal, College of Engineering, Poona.

Applications to reach the Principal not later than 15-8-1940. 3094.

HIGH COURT, BOMBAY

FOR SALE.

COTTON GINNING & PRESSING FACTORIES.

Re. THE INDIAN COTTON CO., LTD.

(in liquidation).

THE OFFICIAL LIQUIDATOR of the abovenamed Company invites offers for purchase of the following factories.

Offerors are required to send in their offers separately in respect of each factory in a sealed cover to the undersigned so as to reach him by 20th August, 1940.

The Official Liquidator does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer. The Offer, if accepted, will be subject to the sanction of the Bombay High Court.

Offerors will have to pay 25 per cent of the price offered immediately on acceptance, and the balance of 75 per cent shall be paid within one month from the date of acceptance.

For further particulars, please write to the undersigned or to the Agent, Indian Cotton Co., Ltd. (in liquidation) at the respective factories. The factories are open for inspection.

CENTRAL PROVINCES & BERAR.
BASIM (Berar). One Pressing factory.
JALGAON-JAMOD (Berar) One Ginning & One Pressing Factory.
WARUD (Berar) One Pressing factory.
KATHIAWAR.
BHAVNAGAR. One Pressing Factory.
MADRAS PRESIDENCY.
TIRUPUR. One Ginning & One Pressing Factory.

Dated this 31st July, 1940.

B. K. DESAI,
Official Liquidator.
Manekjee Wadia Building,
125, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. (3086)

174. BOOKS

An invaluable Booklet on "Rejuvenation" Health & Glands will be posted free of charge to any person applying to Messrs. Oomrigar & Son, Lohar Chawl, Bombay 2 (Chemists & Druggists should not fail to take advantage of this offer). (13499)

245. ASTROLOGERS.

Wonderful Foretelling with amazing accuracy. Over 1,00,000 clients. Testimonials highest. One year future and Character Reading Re. 1. 5 years Rs. 2-8. State birth details or writing time. Pioneer Astrological Bureau, Vizianagram City, B.N. (13458)

41. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Everybodys every day predictor peeps into the future simple English rightly appreciated Rs. 1/8. Pioneer Occult House, Vizianagram City. (13459)

Public Notices

WANTED.

WANTED AN EXPERIENCED EDITOR and a SUB-EDITOR for a bilingual English Gujarati weekly at Dar-es-salaam, East Africa, on three years' agreement. Salary shillings 350-25-400 and 200-25-250 respectively. Apply stating experience with copies of testimonials with full particulars as regards race, religion and education to Box 13505 "Bombay Chronicle".

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from B. Es. (Civil) for the post of Assistant Building Supervisor and Mill Valuation Officer in this Municipality in the grade of Rs. 75-5-125 plus Rs. 30 as Motor Cycle Allowance. Applications stating age, previous experience, etc., with copies of testimonials if any, should reach the undersigned on or before the 20th August, 1940.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Ahmedabad, 2nd August, 1940. (3104)

THE M. & S. M. RY. CO., LTD.

STAFF SELECTION BOARD.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Muslims, Indian Christians and Other Minority Communities, Scheduled Classes and Non-Brahmins for posts of Office Clerks on Rs. 25-2-45.

2. MINIMUM QUALIFICATION—Passed S.S.L.C. or its equivalent. Preference will be given to candidates who are qualified in Shorthand and Typewriting.

3. AGE.—Between 18 and 25 on 1st August 1940.

4. PROCEDURE.—Write to the address below for an application form by POST enclosing a stamped addressed envelope and a Crossed Indian Postal Order for One Rupee payable to the Paymaster and Cashier, M. & S. M. Railway, Madras. No request for an application form will be entertained unless the above instructions are observed. Money Orders or Cash will not be accepted. The application form must be completed and forwarded by POST to reach the address below not later than the 19th August, 1940.

5. GENERAL.—Applications must be accompanied by COPIES of certificates regarding Education, Character and Sporting activities. Originals must not be sent. Candidates who are called for interview will be required to produce original certificates.

SECRETARY,
Staff Selection Board,
M. & S. M. Ry., P.T. Madras. (3105)

THE INDIAN RADIO & CABLE COMMUNICATIONS CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Indian Radio & Cable Communications Company Limited will be held at the registered office of the Company, Radio House, Apollo Bunder, Bombay, on TUESDAY, 27th August, 1940, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

(1) To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts for the year ended 31st December 1939.
(2) To approve of the Directors' recommendation to carry an amount to Reserve Fund.
(3) To approve of the Directors' recommendation to carry an amount to Dividend Equalisation Fund.
(4) To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
(5) To elect a Director in place of Sir Sultan Chinoy who retires by rotation but is eligible for re-election.
(6) To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 15th August, 1940 to the 7th September, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
For F. M. CHINOY & CO., LTD.
R. M. CHINOY,
Director,
Secretaries & Treasurers.
Bombay, 2nd August, 1940.

N.B.—The Dividend, when sanctioned, will be made payable at the registered office of the Company on and after the 2nd September, 1940, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of the Company on the 15th August, 1940, to whom Dividend Warrants will be posted. (3103)

Public Notices

NOTICE.

THE ATTENTION of the public is drawn to the Government of India Notification No. D.C. 615-F of the 11th July, 1940, which calls upon all persons resident in India to furnish returns of their holdings of U.S. dollar securities to the Reserve Bank of India within one month. This expires on the 11th August, 1940, and any person who is subsequently found not to have furnished a return will be liable to the penalties prescribed in Defence of India Rule 94 (7).

2. By a special order issued by the Reserve Bank of India persons, who are not subjects of His Majesty are exempt from the operation of this Notification.

Reserve Bank of India,
Central Office,
Bombay, 2nd August, 1940. (3103)

CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Bombay Central Public Works Division, Central Government Offices Building, Queen's Road, Bombay will receive tenders upto 12-00 Noon 21st August, 1940, from approved 1st and 2nd class Contractors for the work "Construction of two Semi-Permanent Hangars at the Civil Aerodrome at Bombay (Juhu)—Building Portion". Total Cost approximate Rs. 41,570.

Tender forms, Plans and Conditions of Contract will be obtainable from his office on any working day between 11 A.M. and 4 P.M. at Rs. 5-4-0 per copy which will not be refunded. (3106)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that share certificate No: B-21, 337 for five shares Nos: 251, 681 251, 685 in Reserve Bank of India, issued in the name of Tirathdas Gokaldas Wadhwa has been LOST, STOLEN or MISLAID. Due notice thereof has been given to the Bank and all persons are warned against dealing with the share certificate in any way.

(i) Seth Sobhraj s/o Thanwardas
(ii) Seth Khemchand s/o Ramdas.
(iii) Seth Madandas s/o Issardas.

Succession certificate holders to the Estate of late Mr. Tirathdas Gokaldas Wadhwa of Shikarpur Sind. (13507)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Succession Certificate in respect of certain debts and securities belonging to VAMAN MUKUND GAITONDE, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a Professor residing at the time of his death at Ellis Bridge, Ahmedabad Decd. MOHAN VAMAN GAITONDE, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a student, residing at Suratwalla Building, Girgaon, without the Fort of Bombay. .... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Succession Certificate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 2nd day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty and in the fourth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI,
The 2nd day of August, 1940.
Messrs. SHASTRI & CO.
Petitioner's Attorneys. (3107)

Auction Sales

GANDHI & Co.,
Government Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF NEW GALICHAS.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 6th day of August 1940 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at their Auction Rooms at No. 72, Medows Street, Fort, by order of the Party concerned:—

One Consignment of Nizam Hydrabad Make Galichas of different artistic designs and sizes in convenient lots.

Terms:—Full payment.

GANDHI & CO.

A PICTURE THAT HAS BEEN RUNNING FOR 12 WEEKS IS WORTH A SHOW TO YOU!
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
"WOMAN"
Starring: SURENDRA. SARDAR AKHTAR & YAKUB
Director: MEHBOOB
13th WEEK AT
PATHE
3-30. 6-30 & 10-0 p. m.
MATINEE SHOW AT 1 P. M. ON SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS & HOLIDAYS

FOUR SHOWS TO-DAY
PRABHAT'S Film-Biography
DNYANESHWAR
In Its 12th WEEK AT
CENTRAL
To-day:
MARATHI: 1-30, 4 p.m.
HINDI: 7 & 9-45 p.m.

NEW EMPIRE
4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
FOR FOR
FREEDOM FREEDOM
The Battle of the River Plate and the "Altmark" Rescue actually reconstructed

SPECIAL MATINEE TO-DAY: 1-30 P. M.
NAVYUG'S Social Triumph
LAPANDAV
(Hide & Seek)
Starring:—
Meenaxee, Vanmala, Winayak & Baburao Pendharkar.
2nd WEEK AT
NEW WEST END
Daily: 4, 7, 9-45 p.m.

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

A NEW UNIVERSAL PICTURE
1B
ALSO
"UNCLE SAM— The FARMER"
Latest "MARCH OF TIME."

Weather Report

POONA, August 4.

All-India weather chart upto eight hours shade temperature maximum minimum rainfall past 24 hours since 1st June departure from normal.

STATIONS	Temperatures Maximum	Minimum	Rainfall Past 24 hours	Total since June 1	Departure from normal
Chittagong	83	79	0	46.1	+0.6
Calcutta	86	79	0	17.0	−9.3
Cuttack	87	76	0.8	41.5	+17.9
Ranchi	80	72	0.6	26.7	+0.1
Patna					nil
Gorakhpur	89	78	0	12.8	−10.1
Benares	91	79	0.1	15.0	—
Allahabad					nil
Cawnpore	90	78	T	7.3	−8.1
Lucknow	92	81	0	13.9	−3.5
Jhansi	88	76	0.7	14.5	−3.2
Agra	91	79	0	5.8	−7.0
Bareilly	102	91	0.1	25.0	+5.5
Dehra Dun	88	73	10.3	36.4	−2.5
Delhi	90	77	3.1	12.8	+1.0
Ambala	93	79	0	18.2	+6.1
Ludhiana	91	79	0.2	15.5	−3.9
Lahore	89	79	0	4.3	−3.5
Sialkot	90	79	0	13.1	+1.7
Rawalpindi	92	76	0	11.2	+0.3
Lyallpur	98	82	0	1.4	−3.3
Multan	104	88	0	1.9	−1.1
Sri Nagar	77	56	T	4.0	−0.1
Peshawar	94	80	0	1.3	−0.7
Dehra Ismail Khan	98	82	0	2.3	−0.8
Fort Sandeman	98	70	T	3.0	−0.1
Quetta	91	65	0	0.6	0.5+
Rangoon	87	77	1.4	47.6	+5.5
Khandwa	83	75	0.1	23.7	+8.9
Jubbulpore	79	74	1.2	28.3	+0.5
Nagpur	82	75	0.1	43.4	+18.9
Bombay	85	77	0.2	53.7	+9.0
Ratnagiri	84	77	0.2	60.3	−4.5
Ahmednagar	86	70	T	11.8	+2.9
Poona	79	70	0.1	10.0	−2.4
Sholapur	91	73	0	5.5	−4.1
Hyderabad (Dn.)	87	73	0.6	11.5	−0.1
Bangalore	80	66	0	6.9	−0.7
Mysore	76	66	0	8.5	+2.6
Calicut	81	73	1.5	77.6	+10.6
Madras	96	81	0	5.1	−1.3
Maymyo					nil
Shillong	72	65	0.4	27.7	−4.5
Darjeeling	62	56	2.2	56.2	−7.6
Simla	66	60	0.3	25.4	−1.5
Pachmarhi	70	66	0.7	53.8	+16.7
Kodaikanal	63	53	0	11.2	+2.4
Coonoor					nil
Colombo	85	78	0	12.7	−0.8
Jacobabad	106	84	0	0.1	−1.2
Hyderabad (Sind)	99	80	0	1.6	−2.0
Karachi	86	78	0	2.5	−1.5
Jaipur	85	75	0	2.5	−1.5
Ajmer	80	73	0.4	14.7	+4.6
Deesa	91	80	0	11.0	−1.5
Rajkot	92	77	0	11.3	−4.7
Ahmedabad	89	78	0.1	10.1	−6.6
Bhopal	80	73	0.1	30.9	+
Akola	80	75	0	24.2	+8.4
Amraoti	78	75	0	26.3	+9.9
Indore	81	73	0.1	27.0	+10.3
Marmagoa	81	73	1.9	62.4	+
Malegaon	87	73	0	6.5	−2.3
Mussoorie	71	60	0.1	51.4	+14.0
Mahableshwar	65	62	1.6	158.7	—
Baroda	88	76	0.1	12.3	+
Karwar					nil
Bahawalpur	102	84	0	2.3	−0.7
Belgaum	73	69	0.3	31.3	+5.1
Murree	70	59	0.1	22.3	+4.8
Cherrapunji	68	64	4.4	165.3	−39.9
Bijapur	89	71	0	4.4	−1.4
Dalhousie	72	64	1.8	36.0	+3.9
Khandala			2.7	126.9	+
Mount Abu	72	65	0	15.2	−14.6
Ootacamund	60	53	0	15.7	−0.5
Jodhpur	88	79	0	5.0	+0.1
Gwalior					nil

All-India Weather

POONA, August 4.

The monsoon has been vigorous in Chota Nagpur and active in Bengal, Orissa, Bihar, the West United Provinces, the East and North Punjab, East Rajputana, East Central India, the Central Provinces, the Konkan and Malabar. Rainfall has also occurred locally in Assam and West Central India and at a few stations in Kashmir, the Northwest Frontier, the East United Provinces, East Gujarat the Deccan and the North Madras Coast.

The principal amounts are: Hazaribagh 6", Darjeeling, Haranai, Dalhousie, Marmagoa 2" each, Cherrapunji, Daltonganj 4" each, Dogra, Honavar Khandala, New Delhi 3" each, Port Blair, Chittagong, Berhampore, Mymensingh, Balasore, Naya Dumka Meerut, Hoshangabad, Jubbulpore, Cochin 1" each, Silchar, Sambalpur, Allahabad, Dehra Dun, Pendra 1-1/2" each, Cuttak, Patna, Jhansi, Sutana, Raipur, Pachmarhi, Sangor Mercara 3/4" each, Seoni, Jaipur, Ajmer, Hyderabad, Travandrum Mangalore 1/2" each.

The sum of rainfall amounts at 133 stations in the plains during the past 24 hours actual 56" and normal 42."—A. P.

GREED AND DESIRE FOR POSSESSION

Mr. Alpaiwala On Cause Of War

Mr. R. Alpaiwala, delivering a lecture on "The Way to the New World", under the auspices of the Youth Lodge, said that the young represented the future and should prepare for the new world to come. The present European war was a conflict between freedom and despotism and England alone stood for freedom. Mr. Alpaiwala assigned the cause of the war to the desire of possession and spirit of greed and selfishness. This desire for greed and possession engendered the various 'isms'. This greed and selfishness led Germany and other countries to a drive of hatred against the Jews. The war shows an acute intensification of the 'nation' idea. In conclusion, he stressed the necessity of developing the power of intuition and utilising it for the humane purposes.

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In Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's
"THE DEVIL'S BROTHER"
Laurel and Hardy tried to make love to a pair of milkmaids—but they forgot all about the bull!

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Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
PRIVATE LIVES OF
ELIZABETH & ESSEX
with
ERROL FLYNN
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All in Technicolor

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SPECIAL MATINEE
For LADIES only
HINDUSTAN'S
SAUBHAGYA
at
ROXY
Daily: 4, 7, & 9-45 p.m

BR. EMPIRE ABSORBS MORE INDIAN GOODS

SIMLA, August 3.

An increase of 13 crores in the exports of Indian goods to foreign countries and of three crores in India's imports of foreign goods is disclosed by the figures of seaborne trade and navigation for the first three months of the new financial year.

The grand total of exports from April to June 1940 was Rs. 54 crores, 93 lakhs compared to Rs. 41 crores 82 lakhs for the same quarter in 1939; while under imports, the comparable totals are Rs. 45 crores against Rs. 42 crores 97 lakhs.

The British Empire increased its absorption of Indian goods from Rs. 20 crores 49 lakhs in the first quarter of 1939/40 to Rs. 31 crores 17 lakhs in the same period in 1940/41. Among foreign countries, America increased her takings from Rs. four crores nine lakhs to Rs. six crores 94 lakhs; France from Rs. one crore 72 lakhs to Rs. four crores 43 lakhs. Japan took much less. The value of her purchases of Indian goods falling from Rs. two crores 89 lakhs to Rs. one crore 73 lakhks.

The British Empire sent into India merchandise worth Rs. 26 crores 98 lakhs during the quarter this year as against Rs. 25 crores two lakhs last year. America trebled her export to India from Rs. two crores 66 lakhs to Rs. six crores, eight lakhs; Japan increased her share from Rs. four crores 29 lakhs to Rs. four crores 93 lakhs; while Russia's export fell from Rs. six lakhs to barely Rs. 8,000.—A. P.

U. P. Power Alcohol Act

LUCKNOW, August 4.

The United Provines Power Alcohol Act 1940 which was passed by the U. P. Legislature in October last and received H. E. the Governor's assent on July 28, 1940, has been promulgated in the current issue of the Gazette.

It will be realled that in pursuance of the policy of the industrial development of the United Provinces, it was expedient to provide for the fostering, development and regulation of the industry of power alcohol and the act was enacted with this object in view.—A. P.

Pandit Dikshit Gets Bail

LUCKNOW, Aug. 2.

Pandit Jethi Shankar Dikshit, who was arrested under the defence of India act at Lucknow on July 11 was granted bail to-day on two sureties of Rs. 10,000/- each and a personal bond of Rs. 10,000—A. P.

Agriculture College Students To Go On Strike

(From A Correspondent.)

POONA, August 2.

There is a difference of opinion between the students and the staff, over the social gathering issue, and the general body meeting of the students have unanimously decided to go on strike if the Principal goes against their decision. The students want a full-fledged gathering whereas the staff is in favour of sending the money to the War Fund.

LUCKNOW, August 3.—The Provincial Government have decided that the Board of Industries, United Provinces, should, in making grants in future, give preference to such industries as are likely to produce articles required for War Purposes.—United Press.

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They told him he FACED OPERATION for Stomach Ulcer

When Mr. J. H. J. developed stomach pains he rushed to hospital for an X-ray examination and was told to rest and live on milk. But business was bad, and Mr. J. could not rest. "I was told to try Maclean Brand Stomach Powder," he writes. "I have not had that pain for over three weeks. I am still working and feel first-class. I have three good meals a day and a light supper at night. Your wonderful powder *has saved my life.*"

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LISTERINE TOOTH PASTE

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Sud 2, 1996
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 30, 1359
Parsi: Aspandarmad 5, 1309
Hightide: 0-22, 13-00
Lowtide: 6-29, 19-12
Sunrise: 6h. 16m.
Sunset: 7h. 13m.

INSTITUTE OF ACTUARIES.

The Preliminary Examination of the Institute of Actuaries will be held at the Sydenham College of Commerce on Monday 12th and Tuesday 13th August.

DEBATE ON DEMOCRACY FOR INDIA.

To-day (Monday) at 6-30 p.m. a public Debate will be held in the Bowen Memorial Hall of the Student Y.M.C.A., Lamington Road, Girgaum.
Subject: That Democracy is not suited to India.
Proposed by: Dr. F. P. Antia.
Seconded by: J. S. S. Malelu.
Opposed by: S. Natarajan.
Seconded by: S. K. N. Karanjia.
Chairman: Frank Moraes.

STOCK EXCHANGE TO REMAIN CLOSED ON TUESDAY.

Stock Exchange will remain closed on account of the Parsi Holiday of Kadimi New Year's Day on Tuesday 6th August.

GANDHARVA MAHA VIDYALAYA

The 9th Anniversary of the Late Pandit Vishnu Digambar Paluskar, the Founder of the Gandharva Maha Vidyalaya, Bombay, will be celebrated at the Brahmin Sabha Hall, Girgaum, between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. on Sunday 11th August, with all day Musical Concert.

INDIAN CHRISTIAN MEETING.

A Joint Meeting of the Representatives of the All-India Conference of Indian Christians (Protestants) and All-India Catholic Association will be held in Bombay on the 6th and 7th of August, 1940, to consider the effect of the present situation on the Indian Christian community. A Meeting of the Executive Committee of the All-India Conference of Indian Christians will also be held.

FOR COLLEGE PARSI STUDENTS (BOYS AND/OR GIRLS.)

An elocution competition will be held in the Master's Tutorial High School Hall (Third Floor) near Kennedy Bridge, Gowalia Tank Road, Bombay, on Sunday, 11th August, 1940 at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.)

The candidate has to speak on any one of the following subjects for no more than ten minutes.

SUBJECTS:

1. Whether married or a single life is a bliss?
2. Whether all is fair in love and war?
3. Whether Science has contributed to the Civilization of Mankind?

PRIZES:

First Prizes:—A gold medal of about Rs. 40.
Second Prizes:—A silver medal with cash Rs. 20.
Third Prize:—A cash prize of Rs. 18.

Students are requested to send in their names the name of the College they attend and their addresses in writing on or before 8th August 1940 to Khorshed Mandai Trust, Khetwady Khambata Lane, Bombay.

BAI AIMAE K. R. CAMA PRIZE ESSAY.

The Governing Body of the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute invites a prize essay on the following subject:—

"The position characteristics and qualifications of an Athravan according to the Avestan and Pahlavi literatures."

Three prizes, the first of Rs. 100, the second of Rs. 75 and the third of Rs. 50 will be awarded to the first three candidates found well qualified. Should the essay or essays fail to come up to the standard, the Governing Body may not give the full or any prize.

The competitors must give a bibliography of the books consulted by them in the preparation of their essays, quoting the names of books with pages for the references made by them and place the accurate quotations in inverted commas.

The competition is open to college students only of both the sexes.

Essays must be submitted by the 30th December, 1941, to the undersigned with the nom-de-plume only written on the front page of the essay; full name and address of the writer must be sent in a separate cover, bearing on the outside the title of the essay and the writer's nom-de-plume only.

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"The Private Lives of Elizabeth and Essex" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"If I Had My Way" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"The Devil's Brother" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Saps At Sea" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"For Freedom" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Anuradha" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m
PATHE—"Woman" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Saubhagya" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Lapandav" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Bahurani" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Andhi" Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.

Lecture On Indian Art

An interesting lecture on "Indian Arts" was delivered by Mr. J. Ahivasi, Arts Professor of the J. J. School of Art on Saturday at Forbes Sabha, Girgaon.

He made a sweeping review of the arts of painting sculpture, poetry and music, as practical in India from immemorable time and said that the characteristic of Indian Art was that it tried to interpret but not imitate. The signiticance of life, the purpose and meaning of nature. These were the elements which constituted Indian Art.

Indian art had been influenced by Foreign Schools, like the Mogal, the Arabic, etc. These influences had not been blindly accepted, but adopted and absorbed with discretion and wisdom, so that the result exhibited no incongruity but a rounded perfection.

The speech was followed by music.

Which First: Political Or Social Reform?

Under the auspieces of the Muslim Students' Union, a debate was held at Blavatsky Lodge on Saturday evening on the subject "Social reform should precede political reform." Mr. Salim Merchant presided.

The subject was vigorously contested on both sides.

Mrs. Narmada Prikh, Messrs. Ankleswaria, R. P. Acharya and others maintaining that since the evils from which India suffered were not entirely due to political bondage, much good could be done by immediate social reform measures. The proposition side, also charged the opposition with unwillingness to help in social amelioration on the pretext that no social reform would be successful without political freedom.

Messrs. Adam, John Barnabas, Swami Acharya, Rattansey and others constituted the opposition. They maintained that social reform could succeed only when backed by political power. They cited the examples of Turkey where reforms were rushed overnight under Kemal Pasha, and also the failure of prohibition in Bombay, as the ministries who could have enforced it had abdicated power.

The proposition was voted out.

Foreigners & Police

Mr. Rasheed N. Futehally writes:—

With reference to the case reported in papers, in which three Japanese had to subscribe rupees one hundred each to charity, for failing to report change of residence to Police, and in answer to the magistrate's enquiry as to what would have happened to a foreigner under similar circumstances in Japan, I beg to say that a similar law was violated by me in Japan not once but twice and on each occasion a policeman came to my house with the necessary forms and got them filled up, a mild lecture being given to me on the second visit on the futility of expecting police efficiency without public co-operation in such matters.

A CONDOLENCE MEETING.

A condolence Meeting will be held to-day (Monday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the Vani Vilasa Hall of the Mysore Association, Bhaudaji Road, Matunga (near King's Circle) to express profound sorrow at the passing away of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore and to express sympathy to Her Highness the Maharani and the Yuvaraja of Mysore and the Members of the Royal family. The Members of the Mysore Association and other sympathisers are invited to attend the Meeting.

PROTEST AGAINST GOVERNMENT'S ANTI-PROHIBITION POLICY.

Under the joint auspices of Gujar Ladies Social Club, Bhatia Stri Mandal, Bombay Patidar Stree Samaj, Lad Mahila Mandal, Jain Mahila Samaj, Gujrati Hindu Stree Mandal, Dadar Vanita Samaj, Gandhi Seva Sena a meeting of the ladies of Bombay will be held on Wednesday the 7th August at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) in Madhav Baug to protest against the relaxation of the prohibition policy of the Bombay Government.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS' UNION.

Under the auspices of the Municipal Workers' Union, Bombay, a public meeting of the workers of the Municipal Workshop will be held to-day (Monday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.), at Foras Road Gardens to explain the newly proposed graded Scale of the workers of the Workshop. All the workers are requested to attend the meeting. Mr. R. S. Nimbkar and Smt. Maniben Kara will speak on the subject.

ANDHERI "SAHITYA SABHA"

The annual general meeting of the members of the above society was held on Sunday in M. A. High School, when the annual report and the statement of income and expenditure were put before the members.

The report reflected the increasing activity of this 3-year-old society in all its spheres.

After thanking all the institutions and bodies which had given facilities in making the year a success, elections for the ensuing year took place.

Sjt. C. J. Bhatt was elected as President and Sjt. Dhirajlal Modi as Vice-President. 3 Hon. Secretaries and 7 members of the Executive Committee were also elected.

After the meeting, interesting performances of dance recitals, songs and instrumental music were given by Miss Lila Kanade Miss Manorama Thakore, and Mr. Jagdish Virani.

RASHTRABHASHA PRACHAR EXAMINATIONS.

The Secretary, Hindi Prachar Sabha, Bombay, writes:—

"The Rashtrabhasha Prachar Examinations of the Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti, Wardha, will be held on Saturday and Sunday, (10th and 11th inst.) from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. at the following centres:—

(a) Fort and Girgaon. The Secondary Teachers' Training College, and the Elphinstone High School, Dhobi-Talao.
(b) Dadar. The Ramnarain Ruia College, Matunga G. I. P.
(c) Suburbs. The Anandilal Poddar High School, Santa Cruz.

The detailed programme and the hall-tickets can be had from the office of the Hindi Prachar Sabha, Adenwala Mansion, near Wilson College, Chowpati, on week days between 5 and 6-30 p.m., or through the Prachar classes.

"Daughter Of Ind"

Atiya Begum writes:—

"Daughter of Ind" was written in 1925, titled "Malti." The idea was taken from an incident which took place in a certain Kathiawar district. A mali saw his daughter talking to her employer, a European, suspecting unclean motives, murdered her. A somewhat different incident was recorded in Bengal years ago, where the brother of the girl wanted to murder the European with whom his sister was seen talking intimately, and made his plan known to his sister, who gets herself murdered instead of the European. Years ago a Gujarati Weekly called "Gyan Vartak" published a story under the title of Modern Satee, taken from the Bengal incident. In 1931 Joseph Furtado sent his story of "Sukhi's Whim" to the 3 Arts Weekly magazine, of which Mr. Andrade was the Editor. Mr. Andrade knew about the drama "Malti", and the idea of incorporating all the three into one—as they were more or less identical—suggested itself, and the author received the following letter:—

Dear Mr. Rahamin,

Mr. Andrade informs me that you wish to dramatise "Sukhi's Whim." Go right ahead, and the very best of luck.

Yours Sincerely.
JOSEPH FURTADO.

P. G. Singhanee Hindu Hospital: Annual Report For 1939

In the annual report for the year 1939 of the P. G. Singhance Hindu Hospital, an account is given of the working of the several departments of the hospital. The out patient department, the in-patients department, the X-ray department, the Surgical department and the pathalogical laboratory are some of the items intentioned in the report. It is also mentioned in the report that it has been possible for the authorities to limit their expenditure within the limits of the income.

Mr. Noble On Duty Of Businessmen

Mr. M. A. J. Noble speaking at the second quarterly meeting of the Indian Chamber of Commerce on Saturday said, "It is eleven months since war began and our leaders have achieved nothing except talking. Since they were out for bargaining.

We, as Guardians of Commerce, Trade and Industry, should come forward,—even at this late hour,—with all our resources to help England to defeat the Enemy No. 1, of the World, as everyone has condemned Nazi aggression."

Bombay S. P. C. A.

ACTIVITIES FOR JUNE

During the month of June last the Society succeeded in detecting 717 cases of use of unfit animals, 2 cases of cruel beating, 3 cases of carrying fowls suspended by legs and 24 cases of overloading of carts.

In respect of these 1,236 prosecutions were instituted, 60 prosecutions pending from the previous months were also disposed of during the month under review. 96 prosecutions were left pending due to the absence of the accused persons. Convictions were secured in 1,151 cases and in the rest of the cases the accused were either warned and discharged or acquitted.

Bai Sakarbai Dinshaw Petit Hospital for Animals: There were 77 animals in the hospital at the beginning of the month. During the month 241 animals were newly admitted, 169 were discharged cured, 12 were discharged uncured, 38 died leaving 99 animals in the hospital at the end of the month. 323 cases were treated as outpatients.

Thanks are due to the local authorities for the help and assistance given and the public are requested to do their bit, helping the poor animals by getting them proper medical aid and treatment, which the Society has arranged to give entirely free through its Travelling Motor Dispensary.

Late Dr. Cecilia D'Monte

A meeting of the General Body of the Obstetric and Gynaecological Society was held on the 27th July. Dr H. De Sa, who presided, in the course of his speech said: "The death of Dr. Cecilia D'Monte constitutes a great loss to the medical profession, to the public and to the Catholic community in particular. May her good soul rest in peace. He then moved the condolence resolution.

Dr. Dadabhoy and Dr. Chamanlal Mehta joined the President in paying tribute to late Dr. Mrs. D'Monte and eulogised her services to the society

The resolution was put to the House and was passed all standing.

B. B. & C. I. Provide First Railway Plane

Remarkable results have followed the appeal of the Agent and General Manager of the B.B. & C.I. Railway to the staff of that Railway to give to the "War Planes for the R. A. F." fund and a sum of more than Rs. 21,000 has been subscribed since the appeal was issued only ten days ago.

The War Plane Fund has been widely advertised throughout the B.B. & C.I. Railway territory by means of a two colour poster of striking design and with customary enthusiasm each department of the Railway is vieing with each other to make the biggest contribution. The fact that the idea of providing a Railway plane emanated from the B.B. and C. I. Railway has made every member of the staff keen to see that their Railway is the first Indian railway to provide the necessary funds

In the meantime a great effort is being made also to assist other funds, notably the Red Cross and besides valuable contributions in cash, wives and daughters are hard at work under the guidance of Mrs. Laughton, wife of the Agent and General Manager, knitting, sewing or helping in other ways to make the Railway effort a really big one.

Congress Socialist Policy

BOMBAY, Sunday.

An informal meeting of the Congress Socialist Party was held at the Party's office this evening when Mr. Yusuf Meherally, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party explained the position taken by the Socialists at the meeting of the A. I. C. C. at Poona.

The meeting was held in "camera".

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Dhurandhar Colonel and Mrs. V. C. Cassidy, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Odling, Lt.-Colonel W. D. Stamer, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Farbrother and Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Desai dined at Government House on Saturday.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley attended a Performance at the Vest End Cinema in aid of the Poona District Branch of the Bombay Red Cross and Amenities for Troops Fund on Saturday.

LIFE AGENCY CAREER

Life Insurance Agency Work is a noble calling as much as any other profession like LAW, MEDICINE, etc. It can give highest scope to the educated young and ambitious souls. Yet this is a calling which requires no "Capital" investment. It can be mastered by those in a short time who have the "will" to do so.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: MONDAY, AUGUST 5, 1940.

GANDHIJI'S WARNING

Gandhiji has done a service to Britain by giving her a friendly and timely warning in his article on Civil Disobedience in the current issue of "Harijan". He is amazed at Mr. Amery's statement in the Commons that the situation in India is "not serious". "In ordinary times", he says, "such ignorance as Col. Amery's answer shows may be excusable. At this moment it is unpardonable" But he refrains from mentioning publicly "all the danger signals" in this country as that will be an "unfriendly act" He mentions, however, the real situation in the Congress and points out that it is serious enough to demand Britain's immediate attention.

Taking Unfair Advantage

A suspicion is growing in the minds of many Congressmen that the British Government are taking unfair advantage of their restraint in order to crush the Congress, and the President has pointed out that this fact was responsible for much of the opposition at the A. I. C. C. to the resolution promising co-operation to Government on certain conditions. The numerous arrests of Congressmen lend force to the suspicion. Gandhiji accordingly warns Britain: "If that suspicion is proved to be well-grounded, nothing on earth can possibly deter me from adopting some form of Satyagraha". If Government think that civil disobedience is not possible now because of the internal defects in the Congress organization, they should pay heed to Gandhiji's retort that "if the Congress is goaded to it, the science of Satyagraha is not without a mode of application in spite of the internal weakness." Gandhiji is not a man to indulge in idle threats. He may be trusted to be as good as his word, if the need arises.

Why Leave The Congress?

We do not know how Britain will react to Gandhiji's warning and the Congress demand. We would only say here that if she is wise enough to see the advantage of a settlement with the Congress she must set about it without any further delay. Whatever Britain may do, Congress must get ready for any crisis that may come at any time. Gandhiji seems determined not to allow Britain to crush the Congress by taking advantage of its own restraint. He has also another aim in preparing for a struggle. Referring to the doubt in the minds of many Congressmen about the practicability of non-violence in certain spheres, he says: "It is my duty and that of those who think with me, to dispel this doubt by successful application of ahimsa in the new fields". And to this end he suggests that satyagrahis outside the Congress, who believe in out-and-out non-violence, should form "innumerable autonomous, self-sustained non-violent groups" to "keep the flag of ahimsa flying", but without a central organisation. He is evidently anxious to inspire satyagrahis after his pattern without a rival organization. This is doubtless most gratifying. But we do not see why he wants all those who believe in unlimited non-violence to leave the Congress. They can certainly do all the work he expects of them by remaining in the Congress. They are the salt of the Congress; and if they leave the Congress, wherewith will it be salted? But Gandhiji is perfectly right in insisting that those Congressmen who have no faith in non-violence to any extent should resign from the Congress. Non-violence in the attainment of Swaraj is not only the policy, but the very creed of the Congress, and those who have no faith in it should not belong to the Congress.

Japan's "East Asia"

The new Japanese Cabinet has defined its foreign policy as the establishment of a "great East Asiatic sphere of common prosperity" under the hegemony of Japan. This sphere will include not only Manchukuo and China—incidentally an interesting commentary on M. Molotov's report on Russo-Japanese relation—but also French Indo-China and the Netherlands East Indies. The Philippines and, we have no doubt, other regions in the "South Seas" will be included later on. This definition of the phere and of Japan's projects does not come as a surprise, although Japan's blandly cynical sympathy for the "exploited" and "oppressed" Dutch East Indies provokes a smile.

But the question is what is Japan going to do to put the project into effect and how soon? There are two factors that M. Matsuoka must be considering with some anxiety. First the attitude of Herr Hitler towards the ultimate future of French Indo-China which, for the moment, belongs to his protege: Petain's France. Second, the attitude of the U. S. A. and Britain, particularly the former, towards the future of the Dutch East Indies. Something has been said on behalf of Japan about it But it may well be in the nature of a mere bluff. In any case, developments will depend on what move Japan makes next. It seems, however, safe to assume—although one should be prepared for any surprises—that Japan will not take any "positive" action if the U. S A. bans it in grim earnestness. For, we do not think the Japanese, crippled as they already are, will care to take on America and get knocked out.

Late Maharaja Of Mysore

By the death of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, India has lost a great Ruler who, by his long and meritorious service of his State, earned the reputation of being a model Ruler of a model State. He was a thoroughly progressive Ruler and deeply devoted to the welfare of his people. He effected many constitutional and administrative reforms in the State. In the promotion of education, industries, fine arts and communal harmony, Mysore cannot be easily excelled by other States. If constitutionally Mysore did not go far enough to satisfy the aspirations of the people, it was to no small extent due to the limitations imposed by British imperialism on all the States. Perhaps the best proof of his success is that the people of Mysore are the best politically organized among the States people. Misunderstandings and conflicts have doubtless sometimes marked the normally cordial relations between the Government and the people but they were due either to the occasional lapses in the part of his servants or to the general limitations of State administration mentioned above. If he had lived a few years more, he would probably have been the first constitutional Ruler in India. It is now possible for his successor to achieve that distinction. We feel confident that in this matter he will get the fullest co-operation from the people and their popular and talented Diwan, to whose wise administration the State owes not a little of its recent many-sided progress. To the relatives of the late Maharaja and to the people of the State who loved him dearly we offer our heart-felt sympathies.

Timely Warning

BOMBAY, Aug. 4.

"If the Congress is goaded to it, the science of Satyagraha is not without a mode of application in spite of the internal weaknesses. Therefore, the final and deciding motive for suspension is undoubtedly the desire not to embarrass the British Government at the present moment," says Mahatma Gandhi, writing under the caption "of Civil Disobedience" in the latest issue of "Harijan".

Following is the full text of the article:—

"It is unfortunate that in answer to Mr. Sorensen's very relevant question, the Secretary of State for India was betrayed into giving a reply which shows want of appreciation of the gravity of the situation in India. Who could have known the gravity of the European situation before the declaration of war by the British Government? But the British Ministers knew how very grave the situation had become since Munich. They were so appalled by the gravity that they put off the declaration as long as they could. Similarly, the layman does not know anything of the gravity of the situation in India. But the Secretary of State is not a layman. What he does not know, nobody else should know. And yet, I venture to suggest to him that his questioner gauged the situation more accurately than he himself did, taking his answer at its face.

UNPARDONABLE IGNORANCE.

In ordinary times, such ignorance as Col. Amery's answer shows, may be excusable. At this moment, it is unpardonable. I do not propose to enlighten him on all I know. I dare not publicly exhibit all the danger signals. It would be an unfriendly act on my part to do so.

Even the warning I am giving here might have been privately given. I have slept several nights over the answer. I came to the conclusion that to suppress altogether from the public what I know would also be an unfriendly act. In spite of my isolation from the Congress, I flatter myself with the belief that a large part of the public still seek my guidance and will continue to do so, as long as I am believed to represent the spirit of Satyagraha more fully than any other person in India.

"GRIEVOUS ERROR"

Col. Amery has grievously erred in under-rating the restraint that the Congress has exercised in postponing Civil Disobedience in order not to embarrass the British Government at a most critical period in the history of the British. The restraint expects no appreciation. It is inherent in Satyagraha. Therefore, it is a duty. And the discharge of a duty carries no merit, even as payment of a debt does not. Nevertheless, mention of the restraint becomes relevant in order to show that but for that restraint, a conflagration may burst forth whose effect no one can foresee.

NOT TO EMBARRASS BR. GOVT.

It is true that Civil Disobedience remains in suspension also because of the internal defects in the Congress organisation. But I have said repeatedly that, if the Congress is goaded to it, the science of Satyagraha is not without a mode of application in spite of the internal weaknesses. Therefore, the final and deciding motive for suspension is undoubtedly the desire not to embarrass the British Government at the present moment.

ECHO OF POONA VOTING

But this restraint has its limits. Just a suspicion is growing among Congressmen that the British authority is taking advantage of the restraint to crush the Congress. They point, for example, to the numerous arrests of Congressmen. The opposition on the part of so many members of the A.I.C.C. to the ratification of the Delhi Resolution is, as the Maulana Sahib has said, a sign of their resentment at the feeling that the High Command was letting the British Government to get the better of the Congress. If that suspicion is proved to be well-grounded, nothing on earth can possibly deter me from adopting some form of effective satyagraha.

But it is my prayer and corresponding effort to prevent it until the clouds lift from Great Britain. I do not want her humiliation in order to gain India's freedom. Such freedom, if it were attainable, cannot be manfully retained.

"DANGER SIGNAL."

I have dealt with the one danger signal on which I can write with special knowledge. There are several others which I can easily mention and which are no less grave. But these I must not mention.

If I have publicly discussed one danger, I have done so because the Congress is connected with it and I have to say what is expected of Congressmen. If I retired from the Congress at Bombay in 1934, I did so to render greater service. Events have justified the retirement. The present isolation too has the same motive behind it. So far as I can judge the immediate future, Satyagraha, if it comes, will be confined only to those whom I may select. The rest will be expected not to interfere with the course I may adopt. All will render very substantial help, if they will carry out the instructions that may be issued for them.

PERMANENT INSTRUCTION.

One permanent instruction is:—Leave the Congress if you do not believe in the constructive programme, especially spinning and khadi which are visible symbols of adherence to the Congress, and if you do not believe in Truth and Non-Violence—the latter in the restricted sense now given to it by the recent resolution. If this elementary requirement is not fulfilled, any Satyagraha that I may lead will be of no avail to the Congress. It will merely satisfy my Satyagrahi soul.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Municipality & Local Boards

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In the reports from the Divisional Commissioners on the working of Municipalities and Local Boards recently published the Commissioners re-iterate the usual complaint about the stagnancy of local-self-governing bodies. But the Commissioner for Southern Division lays an unerring finger on the malady from which the institution suffers. He says, "The contentment of the rate-payer even with a relatively low standard of municipal service is in no small measure responsible for this stagnant state of affairs." This, Sir, is the real malady—the source of all our ills. We are indifferent to our own interests. We are so engrossed in the pursuit of mundane affairs of daily routine that we have no time or inclination to secure civic welfare! We leave other people to do our work and therefore put up with bad work, lest we should have to exert ourselves! If once the rate-payers wake up from their lethargy the Municipalities will have to be more mindful of their duties.—Yours, etc.,

VEERBAL H. MEHTA.

Khar, August 1.

Chief Fire Officer

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—As I had predicted, so it has come to pass and Mr. Coombs the Chief Officer of a Bombay Fire Brigade has been recommended by the Standing Committee for another three years' extension on the old plea that none of the Indian officers were competent enough to take up the work of the Chief Officer. This is the old time worn out excuse and it is the third time that it has been paraded casting an unmerited slur on the efficient and loyal band of the Indian officers. It is, indeed, the height of complaisance that the Corporation sees its mandate to train an Indian for the post of the Chief Officer scandalously ignored time after time and none has the courage to raise its voice and ask for an explanation from Mr. Coombs as to why he has trampled upon the repeated mandates of the Corporation and has not trained a single officer during eleven years of his incumbancy I make bold to say that there are Indian officers in the Brigade to-day who can take up the Chief's work at a moment's notice. And if it be a fact that the Indian officers are incompetent then why keep so many inefficient and incompetent officers in the service at all?

It is ridiculous to believe, as the Standing Committee has been made to believe, that an outside Indian can be trained in the science of fire-fighting within 3 years to take up the work of the Chief Officer. The thing is impossible. This is the thin end of the wedge, because after 3 years a plea would be certainly put up and rightly so, that it required another 5 years to train the man and thus give another extension to Mr. Coombs. But the Corporation can even now put a stop to this scandal once for all by appointing an Indian Officer the best amongst the cadre, as the Deputy Chief to take over from Mr. Coombs in January 1941. Will they wake up and honour their mandate even now?—Yours, etc.,

F. G. SHAH.

Muslim School

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Anjuman Tablige Islam Boys and Girls School at Kurla was established some years ago by certain Muslims belonging to the poor working class with a view to imparting education to the Muslim boys and girls of Kurla and was maintained from the funds collected from amongst themselves, and when it made a satisfactory progress within a short time the organisers handed over the management to the educated Muslims of Kurla thinking that it would be better managed and that further progress in the right direction would be made.

The transferees subsequently formed an Anjuman and conducted the school in an appreciable manner, so much so that the progress was appreciated and the school started receiving grants from the Government and the Kurla Municipal Borough. Day by day the progress increased until there came a hitch. Disputes and differences arose amongst the members of the Managing Committee and a strong propaganda against the management was started by some persons. Whatever may be the motive underlying the agitation with which I am not concerned, what pains me is that the education of the Muslim boys and girls should so be ruined. Because certain members are at logger heads with one hers are at progress of a school is being affected. This is a pitiable state of affairs. And I trust that wiser counsels will prevail that the present agitation against the management will cease and that every member of the Anjuman will work in the interest of Muslim education.—Yours, etc.

MOHOMED YUNUS DALVI.

A Tramway Grievance

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—At the Museum tram terminus one cannot know which tram car will start first. There are two lines at the Museum for going to North. If one takes his seat in the tram cars Nos. 13 and 16, he does not know whether tram cars Nos. 1, 7 or 5 standing on the other line will start first. The passengers from Colaba going to Bori Bunder do not know which car will start first. If even the starter is asked which tram car will start first, he will point out at all the cars and the public is thereby put to inconvenience and delay. Thereby the first starting car is missed by the passengers as a result of their occupying the other car which subsequently departs from the terminus taking it to be the first car to start. It will be greatly to the interest of the public as well as the management if a specific instruction is given to the starter to allow the first starting car to be on the main line so that the public may know definitely that the car on the main line will start first and no other car. It is really a problem whether the management does ever take notice of the public grievances. I hope this suggestion of mine will receive the due attention of the management concerned and thus eradicate the inconveniences caused to the passenger public.—Yours etc.,

SORAB J. BANAJEE.

Cusrow Bag D 9. Causeway. Colaba July, 26.

Frankly Speaking

Churchill's Warning

In a message to the British people, the Prime Minister warns them that "the possibility of German attempts at invasion has by no means passed away." This warning is both wise and timely. An invasion of Britain is universally acknowledged to be an extremely difficult and highly dangerous adventure. But it is even more dangerous to suppose that the Germans will never undertake either a real invasion of, or a grand assault on, Britain. Indeed, indications point to the likelihood—though not certainty—of Herr Hitler moving soon inspite of recent semi-official hints to the contrary from Berlin and Rome. There has been an ominous calm in German aerial attacks. Secondly American and Spanish correspondents report all kinds of activities in occupied France and at the Fuehrer's headquarters. Finally, M. Molotov has assured Germany of Russia's unfailing loyalty. Something on a big scale is, therefore, due to happen now.

Finland And Russia

Finland as an independent and sovereign State is doomed. In his recent speech M. Molotov very pointedly accused some members of the Finnish Government of "repressive anti-social actions" and all but threatened Finland with serious consequences. The Soviet press has evidently taken hint and along with the official Tass Agency is up in arms against what is declared to be "organis-persecution of "the Society of Friendship and Peace with the Soviet Union". If what the Russians allege is true —it is denied by the Finns—Finland, according to all those who value freedom, is undoubtedly guilty of trying to suppress free expression of opinion. But why has Russia reacted to what essentially is another country's business in a manner, which may well lead to a grave crisis between Russia and Finland—if nothing worse for the latter?

Curious Contradiction

If Russia feels it an obligation to stop "anti-social", and anti-Soviet activities in another country—as she doubtless plans to do in the case of Finland—there should, at the very least, have been no friendship with Nazi Germany, there should have been no improvement in Italo-Russian relations as reported by M. Molotov, and there should, long ago, have been a war with Japan which still talks openly in terms of anti-comintern objectives and with which relations, inspite of this fact, are tending to normalisation! And if it is not a sacred duty of Russia to resist "anti-social" or "anti-Soviet" activities in these countries, why has Finland been singled out for the honour? Perhaps, there is no need to answer the question.

Businessmen's First Concern

At the second quarterly meeting of the Indian Merchants' Chamber on Saturday various speakers strongly criticised Government's inadequate defence measures in the country, Mr. M. C. Ghia, Vice-President of the Chamber, particularly condemned the action of the British Government "in deliberately excluding Indians" from the scheme for the training of the citizens of the Empire as air pilots. It was not that enough money was not available in India or was not spent for Defence. But, as Mr. Manu Subedar pointed out, India did not get her money's worth for whatever she had to spend. If with Rs. 30 crores of annual expenditure, he said, Japan could equip herself with a powerful army, navy and air-force for twenty years prior to the Chinese war, the expenditure of 50 crores in India was more than enough to maintain a first class army, navy and airforce. Businessmen will doubtless realise that this is impossible unless India is free and that it should be their first concern, in their own interests as also of the country, to help their utmost in the winning of national freedom.

A Mayor's Politics

In the course of his presidential speech at the Mayors' Conference at Madras, Mr. S. Satyamurti, Mayor of Madras, said: "Whatever might be the Mayor's political views, so long as he was Mayor he would have to co-operate with the Government of the day in the interests of administration of the city. Hence he should be permitted to establish active relationship with Government." This is normally the right policy but a situation may arise when the political party to which the Mayor may belong may lay down, strictly and without exceptions, a course of action in sharp contrast with Government's policy. In such a case the Mayor must resign his mayoralty, rather than disobey a body to which he owes his office.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

The Pro-Nazi newspaper "Curentul" writes: "There is no reason why Rumania should be asked to make unilateral concession for strengthening peace in south-eastern Europe.

—Bucharest Report.

* * * *

"My differences with Malaviyaji and Sastriar have not," says Gandhiji, "affected in the least my friendship with them."

We beg to disagree. They have at least improved Mr. Sastri's eloquence—when he orates on Congress and Gandhism.

* * * *

Non-violence, Mr. Savarkar declared at a Poona meeting the other day, was a sin as it left a country unprotected against foreign aggression.

Norway, Holland and Belgium did not commit the sin. And they have achieved, salvation, haven't they?

* * * *

At the Mayor's Conference at Madras it was resolved that a Mayor should wear ceremonial robe and chain on ceremonial occasions.

The Conference we need only add, was called, and presided over, by Mr. S. Satyamurthi.

By the way, the Junior Colleague would also have the Mayor make a speech on every ceremonial occasion, or, at least, issue a statement after it.

* * * *

It is reported that Herr von Papen has returned to Turkey.

Naturally, now that he is armed with M. Molotov's great speech.

* * * *

Mr. D. N. Pritt hopes that, ultimately, the mass of British people will elect "a genuine people's Government determined to defeat Nazism and Fascism and create a new world order in Europe....."

A genuine people's Government like the one in Vichy?

And, of course, till then Nazism and Fascism need not be defeated in their plan to create a new world order in Europe?

* * * *

Apropos of the German confetti raid on a British town, "the leaflets", says a London message, "gave a full reproduction of Hitler's speech. Apart from the streamer headline 'A Last Appeal To Reason, By Adolph Hitler', there was no comment."

So the Nazis did realise that no comment was necessary.

* * * *

Mr. Chamberlain, it is reported, has made very good progress and is already receiving visitors.

We are very glad.

Mr. Chamberlain, it is added, expects to be back at office within a fortnight.

We are sorry.

* * * *

SYDNEY, Aug. 3.

The Japanese Consul in an interview said that there was no big question at issue between Australia and Japan".—Reuter.

Yet.

* * * *

It is said that Italians' adventure in reoccupying fort Capuzzo has cost them heavy casualties in men and material.

Herr Hitler believes that such adventures are worth the cost in Italian men and material.

* * * *

"How did your wife like the diamond brooch you gave her for her birthday?"

"Delighted! She was very sweet for a couple of days. But she's herself again now."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Many of the things we ask for are not worth having.

Some men's honesty is due to the inexpensiveness thereof.

Pushcart merchants are always behind in their business.

In order to satisfy a man give him what he thinks he wants.

If you get all your knowledge out of books you may as well leave it there.

When it comes to stepping into a fortune no man objects to putting his foot into it.

Ghia Exposes British Tactics

Indians Excluded From Empire Air Pilots' Scheme

Congratulates Walchand On His Pioneering Shipping, Aircraft And Motor Industries

In the course of his speech at the Indian Merchants' Chamber, during the Second Quarterly General Meeting on Saturday, Mr. M C. Ghia said:—

The President has dealt with several important problems arising out of our second quarterly report and out of the present situation, both internal and international. I propose to deal with only a few questions, some of them relating to our trade and commerce and some of them relating to the very important problems of new key industries.

INDO-JAPANESE PROTOCOL

We recently addressed the Government of India with reference to the Indo-Japanese Trade Convention and Protocol, and imports of cotton yarn and piece-goods from China into British India. It was a matter of great surprise for the business community that a temporary arrangement which would govern trade between India and Japan pending the conclusion of a new Protocol was announced which would have the effect of going counter to the interests of this country. Japan appears to have taken advantage of the lapse of the Protocol and to have increased her cotton textile exports to this country, despite the fact that the commercial community of this country has always urged the revision of the Protocol with a view to reduction of the imports from Japan, including Japanese imports from areas in China controlled by Japan and the necessity of considering the case of products of small Japanese industries with regard to the import of which there was apparently no restriction at present. Instead of all this the Japanese revision of the Protocol temporary though it is called, was in the direction of increasing her imports of cotton textiles into India, without at the same time increasing the quota of the exports of cotton from this country. Even the stipulated quota of cotton, Japan has not been able to take recently. Thus in the years 1937-33 and 1938-39 the first two years under the second Protocol, Japan's off-take of Indian cotton amounted to 1,225,000 bales and for the 10 months of 1939-40 the comparative figure was 867,000 bales. Such a course of action is highly to be condemned, and I cannot say that the Government of India were justified, even provisionally to say that it would not retard the operation of the proposals or contravene the undertaking previously given by the Japanese Government that they would not take advantage of the lapse of the cotton Protocol by allowing heavy shipments of Japanese goods to India. Your Committee have another grievance also, besides this undue advantage taken by Japan of the present position to change the Protocol, even provisionally, and that is the largely increased imports from the Chinese territory under the domination of Japan, which comes to this that the quota fixed for Japan is abnormally increased. During the first 10 months of the financial year 1939-40, imports from China went over 2.6 million yards, though since 1935-36 to 1938-39 imports of piece-goods from that country were almost negligible. There is also a large increase in the imports of cotton yarn from China during the last few months. Looking to the fact that a large number of these mills in China are under the direct control and management of Japanese interests, it is inconceivable that all these imports should not be included in the quota for Japan. On account of the present international situation, the Indo-Japanese trade negotiations are also lengthening out and I should strongly urge that if there is no immediate prospect of these negotiations coming to an end within a short period, the Government of India should adopt measures whereby Japan cannot ride rough-shod over the agreement which was entered into by both the countries. As we have repeatedly tried to show, the heavy imports from Japan not only with regard to cotton textiles but with regard to other products do not only come into direct conflict with the industries of this country, but also with the British industries, a fact which some of our British friends have not, perhaps, appreciated to the fullest extent.

SHIPPING AND AIRCRAFT INDUSTRIES

The transport organisation of a country whether it has to deal with the economic requirements of the people or whether it has to grapple with the questions of the Defence of its coast, whether it is connected with the questions of transport on land or on sea or in the air, arrests the most absorbing attention and receives the most active consideration of the nation in times of war. The transport facilities in India on land can hardly be called in a stage of advance as compared with such facilities as exist in other important countries of the world. Indian shipping has a very meagre place even in India's home waters, while it practically does not exist in India's overseas trade. As regards transport in air, one may very well say that it does not exist. Every day, however, as the war continues, the international situation resulting therefrom brings more vividly and more pointedly than before the imperative need for India to possess all such transport facilities particularly on sea and essentially in air not only for its normal needs but for the immediate purpose of its national defence. It is, therefore, very gratifying to learn that the enterprising spirit of our shipping magnate, Mr. Walchand Hirachand with the powerful support of the great organisation of the Scindia will shortly bring into existence three important industries: (1) the industry for the building of motor cars and trucks in this country which will provide further facilities for transport on land, (2) the Shipbuilding industry which will remove to some extent the deeply felt shortage of tonnage for India's import and export trade on sea by building new ships, and (3) the aircraft industry which will open a new and glorious chapter in India's fight for real Swaraj by making a beginning for providing facilities for Indians not only to fly in the air, but by giving them the first lessons, elementary as they may be, for defending their country from that region.

It is a matter of satisfaction that Bombay will have the privilege of housing the new industry for building motor cars and trucks and I am sure the spirit of nationalism which supplies the motive power for Mr. Walchand's activities will enable him to give every possible facility to Indian technical talent to find active employment and efficient expression in this new venture. We have no doubt he will give the expectant country at an early date fullest information in regard to the manner in which he wants to build and develop this important industry which will not only improve the existing facilities for trade and commerce but will provide the Military and Defence with untold facilities in the future which do not exist at present.

As regards the Shipbuilding industry, you will remember that I expressed the hope in my speech at the last meeting that the Government of India will give, just as other maritime countries have done, all the help and facilities that this key industry requires for making it a success in this country. It is, however, a matter of profound disappointment that the Government of India do not look upon shipping and shipbuilding industries as national assets, as Governments of other maritime countries have done, and Mr. Walchand, after waiting for a number of years in search of a site for establishing this Shipbuilding Yard at Calcutta, was compelled ultimately to seek a site at Vizagapatam for his new project. It was in last December that the Hon'ble the Commerce member inspected the site for a Shipbuilding Yard at Calcutta, but it is a strange irony of fate that he can do nothing to help the Indian interests to start a national industry in Calcutta and can hardly influence the European Chairman of the Calcutta Port Commissioners to adopt a reasonable frame of mind for helping a national industry so necessary in these days for the requirements of India's defence. You are all aware that even as far back as 1918 a strong resolution for starting and helping a Shipbuilding industry was passed in the Central Legislature and that the Report of the Indian Mercantile Marine Committee made definite and specific recommendations for helping the Shipbuilding industry in this country. In spite of all the past assurances and the recommendations of the Committee accepted by Government themselves, I am not giving away any secret when I tell you that no aid whatsoever has been given to the Indian Shipbuilding industry and it was compelled to secure the site at Vizagapatam, after cherishing a forlorn hope for that purpose for years past to secure it at Calcutta. One may, however, be thankful for the small mercy which the Government of India have agreed to show to that Indian organization by giving to it a site, not without charging a business price, and let me express the hope that even at this hour the Government of India will not fail that new venture, but will do everything in their power to urge upon the Government at Home to give it the permits required for the importing of machinery, plant, and experts necessary for the establishment of the Shipbuilding industry in India.

As regards the industry for building aircraft in this country, it is really a new and pioneer venture. Mr. Walchand has not told his countrymen what kind of aircraft he proposes to build in the beginning in the factory which we understand he has decided to establish at Bangalore. But whatever may be the nature of the aircraft that will be built in this factory at Bangalore whether it will be aeroplanes required for civil purposes or whether it will be aircraft necessary for the defence of the country, you will all agree with me that he deserves our best congratulations not only for the spirit of enterprise but also for the vision he has shown in doing something great for developing and strengthening the air-arm of India necessary for its economic advancement and imperative for its present and future defence. Gentlemen, we are often cajoled as partners in the Empire when the Government of India and their masters in Great Britain want India to help them in an important direction, but we all know well that when the time for action comes not only do they forget that India is an equal partner in the Empire but they deliberately drive it away from the so-called British Commonwealth of Nations. Recently a powerful scheme for the training of the citizens of the Empire as Air Pilots was started and arrangements have been made to train citizens from all parts of the Empire in Canada, but India has been deliberately excluded from that scheme. Now that Indians are treated as untouchables under this great scheme of the Empire to train Air Pilots, we shall not express the hope in vain that Mr. Walchand will do everything in his power to provide facilities for giving proper training to the nationals of this country for becoming Pilots in the air in the proper sense of the term. We know that the building of aircraft is a pioneer industry in the country and it will, therefore, be necessary for Mr. Walchand to secure the co-operation of his American experts to make that industry a success. We shall, however, not depend upon his spirit of nationalism in vain, when I say that whatever help that he will have to secure in the beginning for the establishment of this pioneer and new industry in this country, he will remain true to the great ideal that he has incessantly propagated in this country and India will soon learn to build aircraft and Indians will soon be able to fly in the air under an organisation which will be truly national, national in its ownership, national in its control, national in its outlook and national in its management.

VICEROY ATTENDS MILITARY DISPLAY

WELLINGTON, August 4.

The military display arranged at Wellington Barracks, this evening, in aid of the Governor's War Fund was a brilliant success. Their Excellencies the Viceroy and Marchioness of Linlithgow, with their daughters and personal staff motored down from Ooty.

Both the Inniskillings and the Wiltshire Regiment participated in the evening's function for which an attractive programme had been drawn up including the beating of the retreat, physical training and massed bands with music all of which evoked great interest. The Viceroy, Vicereine and party after bidding farewell to the Governor and Lady Hope and their personal staff drove to Mettupalayam 'en route' to Poona. The Governor, Lady Hope and party thereafter returned to the Government House Ooty late in the evening.—A. P.

VICEROY FOR POONA

COTACAMUND, Aug. 4.

Their Excellencies the Viceroy and Marchioness of Linlithgow and party left Arranmore Palace, Cotacamund, this afternoon, and after witnessing the military display at Wellington motored to Mettupalayam from which after dinner they are leaving for Poona at 9 to-night by special train via Katpadi and Raichur.

Their Excellencies were seen off at Arranmore Palace by Rao Raja Narpatsinh Sahib, Minister of the Jodhpur State, who had been specially deputed to Ooty by the Jodhpur Durbar to arrange for and see to the comforts of Their Excellencies during their stay at Arranmore Palace.—A.P.

Raids On Libyan Harbour

Direct Hits On Jetty And Two Ships: R. A. F. Over Diredawa

CAIRO, August 4.

An R. A. F. communique announcing that three successful raids were carried out yesterday on harbour and aerodrome at Derna (Libya) states:

A large formation of Blenheims first raided the harbour and registered a direct hit and near misses on a large ship, and near misses on other ships were also observed.

During the next raid, also by a large formation of bombers, direct hits were registered on the jetty and two ships.

In the third raid, bombers attacked the aerodrome as well as the harbour, dropping bombs on aircraft, dispersed on the ground and hangars, while a large ship attacked during the first raid was again bombed. The harbour quay was also bombed and near misses on other ships probably caused considerable damage.

All our aircraft returned safely. French pilots and crews operating with the R. A. F. carried out further valuable reconnaissances over Diredawa area in Abyssinia. —Reuter.

NO SURRENDER OF FR. COLONIES

Gen. De Gaulle's Reply To "Old Men Of Vichy"

LONDON, August 3.

General De Gaulle in a B. B. C. broadcast to France and the French Colonial Empire spoke to the "self-styled Government formed in the great Bordeaux panic".

He said: "It is now a question whether French Colonies will consent to be surrendered, starved, put to fire and sword, and to pander the terrors which the roaring of Hitler and the barking of Mussolini strike into the hearts of the old men of Vichy. To-night, I can tell you that this will not happen everywhere. In many parts of the Empire, brave men come forward resolute in determination to preserve French colonies. Those who to-day are in authority in our Colonies will follow the path of duty, if they refuse to apply the dishonourable armistice conditions".—Reuter.

'PERSECUTION' OF 'SOVIET FRIENDS'

Moscow Press On Helsinki Clashes

MOSCOW, August 4.

The Press here has again reverted to Thursday's meeting of "the Society of Friendship and Peace with the Soviet Union" at Helsinki.

Persecution is declared in a Tass Agency dispatch from Helsinki to be of an organised character.

The Finnish Press statement that the meeting was dispersed by the police owing to youthful hooliganism is countered by the Tass Agency statement that many old men and women were among those beaten.—Reuter.

GOVT. EMPLOYEES DEMAND DEARNESS ALLOWANCE

Plea For Payment With Retrospective Effect

A resolution reiterating the demand of Government employees, for a dearness allowance to enable them to meet the increased cost of living and urging on the Government to immediately grant such an allowance with retrospective effect, was passed at a meeting of the representatives of 26 Unions of Government and Semi-Government employees in Bombay, on Sunday evening.

Mr. N. M. Joshi was in the chair.

The resolution which was moved by Mr. S. C. Joshi, also contained a request for the appointment of a Board of Conciliation for consideration of the subject or reference thereof to the Court of Enquiry shortly to be appointed by Government, for reporting on the same question in so far as it concerned Railway employees in India.

Prince Aly Khan

LONDON, August 3.

Prince Aly Khan has proceeded to Cairo to join the British forces. —United Press.

ANTI-AIRCRAFT FIRE OPENED ON ENEMY RAIDERS

LONDON, August 4.

Heaviest anti-aircraft fire yet heard in Wales occurred to-night when enemy planes appeared over many towns and went well inland. Some bombs were dropped. Other planes, believed to be enemy, were over a north-east town and an explosion occurred inland, coming apparently from a high explosive bomb.

Enemy planes also raided over south-east and south-west Scotland, dropping bombs, all of which fell in open country. There is no report of casualties and no indication of serious damage. Incendiary bombs fell on a coast town in north-east Scotland. There were no casualties.

ENEMY BOMBER SHOT DOWN IN CHANNEL

LONDON, August 4.

Two British trawlers which arrived in a British port to-day are reported to have shot down a German bomber in the English Channel.

An Admiralty communique says His Majesty's trawler "Cape Finisterre" was lost in action with enemy aircraft. The vessel was attacked by four aircraft on the evening of August 2. The first aircraft was shot down into the sea, but others inflicted damage and the "Cape Finisterre" subsequently sank. The next-of-kin of the casualties have been informed.—Reuter.

R. A. F. Raids Over Enemy Aerodromes

LONDON, August 3.

A communique states: "Yesterday R. A. F. bombers made daylight raids on a number of aerodroms in France, Belgium and Holland. Hits were scored on hangars and runways. Aircraft on the ground were bombed and machinegunned from a low altitude. There was some opposition from enemy fighters. One of our aircraft is missing. Our bombers continued systematic attacks on military objectives in Germany.

Last night their main targets were oil depots at Emden, Hamburg, Misburg, Salzbergen and Emmerich. They also attacked several German aerodromes. Large fires were started at Hamburg and Salzbergen, where the damage is considered to have been extensive. One of our aircraft returning from these operations was forced down in the seas".—Reuter.

Enemy Air Activity Over Thames Estuary

LONDON, August 4.

An Air Ministry and the Ministry of Home Security communique states that enemy air activity during the night was mainly confined to areas of the Thames estuary and east coast of Scotland. Bombs were dropped at a number of points in these areas and also Wales. No damage or casualties are reported.—Reuter.

ITALIAN AERODROME ATTACKED

Hangars Set Ablaze

LONDON, August 4.

An Admiralty communique states that during operations in the Western Mediterranean, on August 1 and 2, a swordfish of the fleet air arm attacked an Italian aerodrome at Cagliari in the Island of Sardinia. Heavy anti-aircraft fire was met with, but the attack was successful. Direct hits were made on four hangars, two of which burned fiercely. Four aircraft on ground in the open were destroyed and many aerodrome buildings were destroyed or badly damaged, and set on fire. The crew of one swordfish are missing and it is feared that they lost their lives. A second swordfish made a forced landing in Sardinia.

An Italian communique has stated that the crew of this aircraft were taken prisoners. There were no other casualties. During these operations bombing attacks on His Majesty's ships were made by enemy aircraft. No damage and no casualties were sustained. One enemy aircraft was hit by anti-aircraft fire, and is unlikely to have reached its base. Skuas of the fleet air arm shot down three of the enemy aircraft shadowing or attempting to bomb our ships. —Reuter.

ENEMY AERODROMES HARASSED

LONDON, Aug. 4.

The Air Ministry announces: Yesterday Air Force bombers continued to harass aerodromes occupied by the enemy in Holland and France including Schipol, Hamstede and Abbeville. During the night, oiltanks at Rotterdam, Gelsenkirchen and Monheim were attacked. Other targets were aerodromes in Holland and Western Germany and railway communications in Westphalia, the Ruhr and Rhineland. A heavy attack was also made on the naval base at Kiel. From all these operations three of our aircraft failed to return.—Reuter.

ABYSSINIAN BORDER POST CAPTURED

NAIROBI, August 4.

Last night's communique states "to-day there is nothing to report."

Yesterday (Friday) our ground troops attacked and captured a small post on the Abyssinian border at the north-east end of Lake Rudolf. An enemy counterattack was repulsed. Known enemy casualties are 37 killed. Ours were slight. One caproni dropped 20 bombs in the neighbourhood of Wajir with no effect." —Reuter.

RAJAJI EXPOSES TACTICS OF OFFICIALDOM

(Continued from page 1)

parties. It was an evasion to argue that this could not be done in the middle of the war.—A. P.

RESPONSIBILITY AND DEFENCE

Mr. Rajagopalachariar declared that the defence of India must be handed over to a National Government at once and the so-called experts should work under such a Government. He 'poohpoohed' the idea of the present members of the Council being more competent to lay down policies of defence than a Responsible National Government. Mere collection of money through officials of the Tax Assessment Department, through Tahsildars and District Magistrates cannot prove that India is behind the British Government and was giving voluntary help. The proper course for them would be to hand over the Government to a National Cabinet and leave it to such a Government to tax those who could pay. A vote of the Legislature would prove the sympathy of India in the British cause and not such collections made by officials.

Avoid 'Versailles'

If Versailles produced the dreadful eruption of Germany, the British were committing a similar mistake in respect of India. It was wrong to suppress India. The nation was no longer what it was. Its just birthright cannot be refused. British policy in respect of India was dangerously like Versailles.

Mr. Rajagopalachariar declared that resentment was growing apace which should not be ignored. The 47 votes cast against the Delhi resolution should be understood not as a measure of difference of political judgment, but as pointers to the danger of national suppression.

CONGRESS WON'T FAIL

Mr. Rajagopalachariar said in conclusion. "You may be certain that whatever the Viceroy or anyone else may say, we shall get what we have asked for in the Delhi resolution. It is a just demand, and if the people stand solidly behind it the Congress will deliver the goods to the people of India as it will to Britain. The Congress has not failed before and will not fail now".

Mr. Satyamurti, M.L.A. (Central) who presided, at the outset placed before the meeting a condolence resolution on the death of the Maharajah of Mysore, which was passed all standing.

PLEA FOR REALISM

Mr. Satyamurti said Mr. Rajagopalachariar, who had with unrivalled intellectual prowess, rare courage and wise statesmanship, succeeded in persuading the Congress to take the Poona decisions. They were realitic and patriotic and in the best interests not only of India but of Great Britain. He added that if Dominion Status and Independence were identical and if Great Britain was committed to Dominion Status, why should Britain hesitate to use the word which will enthuse India to fight this war much for her freedom as for the freedom of Great Britain. Such a declaration would enhance Britain's prestige.—A. P.

Duff-Cooper's Home-Thrust For Hitler

What About Increasing Number Of Suicides & Lunatics In Germany?

LONDON, August 3.

During a broadcast reply tonight to Hitler's leaflets showered over parts of Britain, Mr. Duff-Cooper declared that the principle laid down by Gen. Goering that it would be better to spend money on guns than butter should be remembered.

"It is that policy, which has produced increasing hunger in Germany and will shortly produce starvation in Europe. We shall be blamed for it, but it is that policy that is responsible. Destruction and devastation march in the vanguard of Nazism and famine follows behind".

Mr. Duff-Cooper, referred to the steady increase in Germany in the number of suicides, lunatics and those suffering from Tuberculosis. "These are some of the benefits that the Nazi regime has conferred on Germany".

Mr. Duff-Cooper described the recent leaflet as "an astounding document containing word for word the long dull speech, which Hitler delivered on July 29 and which was very adequately reported in the British Press the following day. It is really remarkable that Germans are so ignorant and so foolish that they believe that the British Government would want to prevent people reading this dull, tedious, bombastic and boring balderdash. I must confess to a feeling of satisfaction when I found that my name has not been omitted from Hitler's speech. He denounces me as one of the greatest of criminals. I would not have it otherwise. I always hated him and shall go on hating him until the end. He has proved himself the curse of Europe and he remains a menace to the world".—Reuter.

NATIONAL FRONT MOVE IN HOLLAND

Former Premier's Attempt Condemned As "Unwise & Absurd"

LONDON, Aug. 3.

The Amsterdam radio condemned as "unwise and absurd" the attempt by the former Dutch Prime Minister Dr. Colijn to fuse all political parties in Netherlands into a single National Front.

The broadcast made it clear that unless the Dutch people themselves establish political unity on German model, measures to impose it would be taken by Dr. Seyssinquart, the Reich Commissioner for Netherlands.

Authoritative Dutch circles in London point out that the German attack proves that Dr. Colijn is acting from patriotic motives.—Reuter.

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"We Must Fight Pakistan Plan"

B. C. Chatterji's Exhortation To All Indians

CALCUTTA, August 3.

"A more monstrous political absurdity has not been heard of in this land than this scheme of Pakistan. It is thrice cursed. In the first place it represents a sacrilegious attempt to violate the inviolable—the integrity and the historic oneness of our Motherland. Through the milleniums that have gone by India has remained one and indivisible, while nations have risen and disappeared one by one, like bubbles on the sea of time," said Mr. B. C. Chatterjee on "Fight against Pakistan" at the annual meeting of the All-Bengal Hindu Sabha Executive.

Mr. Chatterjee added:

"There is not the remotest chance of Pakistan materialising into a fact. As long as the British are here, it is as sure as day follows night that they will never permit the division of India into Pakistan and Hindusthan The Viceroy has openly said as much. Mr. Jinnah and his followers are blind enough not to perceive the stark reality that the Communal Award is an instrument of British Imperialism, designed with the sole object of indefinitely continuing its hold on India, and not for the purpose of creating a Muslim Raj in India.

"It has created some temporary advantage for the Indian Muslims just to encourage a spirit of separatism on their part. But the advantage so created is only tenable during pleasure and revocable at will of the master giver. To hug it as the revivification of Muslim Raj is to hug an illusion. And Pakistan which is the lineal descendant of this illusion fills me, for one, with infinite pity for the President of the Muslim League. Let me make no mistake. It may mean a few more jobs or a few more legislative seats for India's Muslims—but it signifies at bottom the same old subjection of India's Hindu and Muslim under the British Imperialist as before.

"If only our Bombay Barrister had a little more vision which would make him see significant things beyond the tip of his nose. What has been the inevitable, and the inescapable, result of his cry of Pakistan? Has it not merely enabled the British Imperialist to assert in the hearing of the world that it is impossible for him to leave India to Indians, since India's Muslims under the leadership of Mr. Jinnah refuse to cooperate with Hindus in establishing self-government in their country? The historic mission of the Imperialist to hold the balance between the two communities of India, to keep the peace between them, is far from over, he chortles, in view of the Muslim cry of Pakistan which could only proceed from a deep-seated antagonism of the Muslims towards the Hindus." —United Press.

Karachi Muslims Condemn Pakistan Scheme

KARACHI, Aug. 3

The Pakistan scheme was characterised as impracticable and irrational at a public meeting held under the auspices of Progressive Muslims here. The meeting adopted a resolution inter alia stating that the scheme aimed at the dissection of India into sectional and communal zones detrimental to the cause of India as a whole.

Another resolution expressed profound sorrow at the murder of Mr. Pamnani and urged the authorities to bring to book the assailants irrespective of personalities and without any delay.—A.P.

TRIPLE SERVICE WILL GIVE STRENGTH

Gen. Gort On Menace Of Soul Killing Creed Of Nazis

LONDON, August 4.

"The strength of Britain in the past had been built up on service—service to God, to our country and our fellow men", declared Gen. Gort broadcasting during B. B. C. evening service to-night on the anniversary of the outbreak of the last war.

Without this conception of service, he added, no great nation could endure. Unless a country based its life on religious faith, it could not endure and to-day it was evident that we were engaged not solely in a fight for democracy but over and above that, in a crusade for the maintenance of those religious principles which we were taught as children by our mothers.

SOUL-KILLING NAZISM

"The Nazis too have a kind of religion but it is a Godless religion based on material power and it lacks a moral basis. It is wholly ruthless in conception and sets no store on human life. We will admit that it achieves temporary advantages but it kills souls of people, of the very soldiers on whom their victory ultimately depends".

Were the Nazi creed to triumph, the four characteristics of the soul of Britain our religious faith, our love of freedom, our sense of tolerance and our respect for individual rights,—would all perish. Our goal was to ensure that these ideals should survive.

TRIBUTE TO YOUTH

Gen. Gort added: "From what I have seen during the past months I know that the younger generation are brimful of courage and ready to sacrifice all for the great cause for which we are fighting".

Gen. Gort concluded: "Strong, therefore, in support of our faith and of that armour of God of which St. Paul speaks in the lesson we just heard, we dedicate ourselves anew to this crusade which shall rid the world of a scourge. In this spirit let us all go forward together".—Reuter.

BANNU BRIGADE CHIEF AMBUSHED

MIRANSHAH, Aug. 3.

Lt.-Col. N. R. C. Cosby, Acting Commander of Bannu Brigade, was ambushed in a car while returning from Mirali at mile 21 in the Khajuri Sector of the Razmak Road on July 26 by three or four armed men standing at the side of the road.

Col. Cosby stopped the car and engaged the hostiles with his revolver. The car was riddled with bullets and he was hit in the heel while attempting to reach cover. Khassadars from Mirali and Khajauri turned out, but the assailants made good their escape.

Col. Cosby was taken to Mirali for first aid and from there to the Bannu Military Hospital.

The political authorities are understood to be taking suitable action and some Khassadars who were responsible for the protection of the road when the occurrence took place and the maliks of the Ipi Village, who were territorially responsible for the locality have been placed under arrest.—A. P.

UNDER DEFENCE ACT

Prominent Sikh Leader Arrested

Karachi Editor Arrested: Residence Of M.L.A. Searched

LAHORE, Aug. 4.

Baba Kharak Singh, a prominent Sikh leader, was arrested this afternoon under the Defence of India Rules for a speech made in Amritsar District sometime ago.

He was taken in car to Amritsar immediately after arrest.

CONGRESS WORKER ARRESTED

Prof. Rattan Lal Bhatia, a prominent Congress worker of Amritsar, was arrested this morning under Rule 38 of the Defence of India Rules.

STATE WORKER IN CUSTODY

A Ludhiana message says that Karam Singh, a political worker of Nabha State, was arrested under the Defence of India Rules for asking the villagers not to contribute to the War Fund.—United Press.

KARACHI EDITOR ARRESTED

KARACHI, August 4.

Under the Defence of India Rules, the C. I. D. searched the residence of Mr. Mohamed Amin Khoso, M. L. A. and seized some literature this morning.

Mr. Mangatram, Editor of "Kumar" was arrested under the Defence Rules last night.—A. P.

Madras Socialist Leader Arrested

MADRAS, August 3.

Mr. V. S. Somasundaram, General Secretary of the Madras Tramway and Electric Supply Workers' Union and a member of the Executive of the Madras Congress Socialist Party, was arrested this evening under the Defence of India Act.—United Press.

Arrest Of Kerala Congressmen

TELLICHERRY, Aug. 4.

Mr. O. K. Krishnan, a member of the Kerala Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. P. K. Madhavan, Secretary of the Tellicherry Town Congress Committee, and two other Socialists have been arrested under sections 38 and 39 of the Defence of India Act, and also under section 121 I.P.C. for alleged anti-war speeches and other prejudicial acts in connection with the celebration of Anti-Repression Day. — United Press.

M. L. A. GAGGED

LAHORE, August 3.

A notice has been served by the Punjab Government on Bibi Raghbir Kaur, a Congress member of the Punjab Legislative Assembly, under Rule 26 (1) (F) of the Defence of India Rules, directing her not to take part or make speeches in any public procession, meeting or Assembly.—United Press.

PROF. R. L. BHATIA ARRESTED

AMRITSAR, Aug. 14.

Prof. Ratan Lal Bhatia, a prominent Congress worker, was arrested to-day under the Defence of India Rules for delivering alleged objectionable speeches.—A.P.

BAN ON BIBI RAGHBIR KAUR

AMRITSAR, Aug. 4.

Bibi Raghbir Kaur, M.L.A. (Congress) has been served with a notice by the Punjab Government directing her not to take part in any meetings or processions or deliver speeches.—A.P.

Mr. Banamali Das Arrested

CUTTACK, August 3.

Mr. Banamali Das formerly Secretary of the Nilgiri State Prajamandal, was arrested here by the local police to-day under Rules 38 and 39 of the Defence of India Rules.

Mr. Das is already under trial by a Special Tribunal appointed by the Nilgiri State, being arrested under the same rules.—United Press.

Independent Muslims Discuss India's Future Constitution

Local Boards To Be Organized To Popularise Muslim Demands

(From Our Correspondent)

DELHI, Aug. 4.

The second day's proceedings of the Board of Independent Muslims' Conference started at 10 a.m. Mr. Zaheeruddin, President, All-India Momin Conference, presided.

Most of the time was devoted to discussing the future constitution of Government in the light of the Muslims' rights.

The Board also discussed cultural, linguistic and social problems of minorities, specially Muslims.

The Sessions will continue on Tuesday.

Khan Bahadur Allabux, who was to arrive this afternoon by aeroplane was detained at Lahore. He will reach Delhi to-morrow morning.

A statement is expected to be released at the end of the meeting.

The Board also informally discussed the question of organising Local Boards in every District all over India to popularise Muslim demands.

Afternoon Session

NEW DELHI, Aug. 4.

The All-India Independent Muslim Parties' Board resumed discussion this afternoon under the Chairmanship of Mr. Zahiruddin and adjourned at 9-30 p.m. to meet again to-morrow. The discussion lasted for about nine hours.

It is understood the members of the Board discussed the national and international situation since the last meeting of the Azad Muslim Conference held in Delhi. It is learnt that a draft questionnaire prepared by the Board's Central Office and circulated among the members was also discussed.

The meeting is expected to last for some days, and at its conclusion a questionnaire will be issued to prominent Mussalmans in India for eliciting their opinion. —A.P.

Badminton

PATWARDHAN WINS SINGLES

Bombay Presidency Open Championships

D. G. Patwardhan, Holder, retained the Singles title beating K. M. Rangnekar in the final of the Bombay Presidency Amateur Open Badminton Championships which came to a close on Sunday, at the Hindu Gymkhana Court.

Sir Purushotamdas Thakurdas presided and Lady Purushotamdas distributed the prizes.

Following were the winners and runners-up:—

MEN'S SINGLES: D. G. Patwardhan (Winner).
K. M. Rangnekar (Runner-up).
MEN'S DOUBLES: D. G. Mugwe and M. G. Mugwe (Winners.)
C. Gomms and E. J. Carvalho (Runners-up.)
LADIES' SINGLES: Miss F. Vatcha (Winner.)
Miss De Lima (Runner-up.)
LADIES' DOUBLES: Miss M. R. Vimadalal and Mrs. S. Manekshaw (Winners.)
Miss P. De Lima and Miss F. Vatchha (Runners-up.)
MIXED DOUBLES: Miss P. De Lima and K. M. Rangnekar (Winners.)
Miss M. R. Vimadalal and R. N. Kanga (Runners-up.)
BOYS' SINGLES: B. V. Ullal (Winner.)
V. N. Kamte (Runner-up.)
GIRLS' SINGLES: Miss A. R. Vimadalal (Winner.)
Miss Lalita Pandit (Runner-up.)

W. I. A. A. BEAT BOMBAY MUSLIMS

The final match of the Bengal Club League Cup Tournament, run under the auspices of the Indian Football League, was played at the St. Xavier's College grounds on Sunday evening.

The Bombay Muslims and the Western Indian Automobile Association staff were the contests. The latter won the match by one goal to nil after a hard fight.

Mr. G. C. Laughton, Agent of the B. B. and C. I. Railway presided and Mr. Laughton gave away the trophies.

Obituary

SIR ELLIOT COLVIN

LONDON, August 4.

The death has occurred of Sir Elliot Colvin.—Reuter.

(Sir Elliot Graham Colvin, K.C.S.I., was born in 1861, and served in the I.C.S. till 1918 when he retired. He was Resident in Kashmir in 1902, and worked as Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana, and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara (1905-17)).

VLADIMIR JABOT INSKY

NEW YORK, August 4.

The death has occurred of Vladimir Jabot Insky, President of the New Zionist organisation. He was visiting America in connection with the raising of a Jewish Army to fight with the Allies.—Reuter.

COMMANDER MOTOKIO

TOKYO, Aug. 4.

A communique from the navy section of the Imperial headquarters reports the death in south China of Commander Motokio, member of the Japanese Inspectorate in French Indo-China. The communique adds that Motokio was killed on July 7, while engaged on an important mission. —Reuter.

Inquiry Into Dearness Of Railway Workers' Living

SIMLA, August 3.

The Associated Press understands that Government of India have appointed a Court of Enquiry into the question of dearness of living on the State Railways. The enquiry will be restricted to the G. I. P. Railway but such principles which the Court may lay down and which Government may accept will be found useful in regard to other railway systems in India. The enquiry has been restricted to one railway system to enable the Court to conclude its enquiry expeditiously. It is understood the Chairman of the Court will be Mr. Justice Sir B. N. Rao, Judge of the Calcutta High Court, who has already arrived in Simla.—A. P.

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Has a New Job and He's Starting from the Ground Up — By BUD FISHER

HOW DEE DO, SIR! HOW DEE DO!
PRIVATE
SIR, HOW DARE YOU COME BARGING INTO MY PRIVATE OFFICE! HAVE YOU SEEN MY SECRETARY?
JEFF THE CHIROPODIST
4-29
YEH! SAY, AIN'T SHE A PIP?-- I FOUND OUT FROM HER THAT YOU'RE HAVING TROUBLE WITH YOUR FEET!
NOW IF YOU'LL TAKE OFF YOUR SHOES I'LL-
SIR, IT IS THE INVARIABLE CUSTOM OF THIS OFFICE TO MAKE AN APPOINTMENT WITH MY SECRETARY BEFORE SEEING ME--
OH, SHUCKS, I TRIED THAT--
-BUT SHE'S ALL BOOKED UP FOR THE WEEK!
SAY, TOOTS, THERE'S NOTHING WRONG WITH HIS FEET!

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ASIAN POLICY
Continues to be a perfect protection and Safest Investment for you and family. This is the time to take up Asian Policy.
Latest Progress of the Company
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TOTAL CLAIMS PAID: Rs. 42 lacs
TOTAL BUSINESS IN FORCE: Rs. 4 crores and 6 lacs
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Scientists have for years endeavoured to make a watch which is really shock-proof, water-proof and stain-proof, and the results of their labours are now successfully embodied in "SOWAR PRIMA" All-Proof Watches. They have already proved in actual wear under rigorous conditions, their complete immunity to breakage or damage due to accidental shocks or falls, of however violent a nature.
WATER-PROOF
They have equally proved their ability to exclude all water, dust or damp. The hermetically sealed cases make such exclusion certain. In addition, "SOWAR PRIMA" Watch cases keep permanently lustrous and stain-proof.
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15 JEWELS
Send for Large FREE Catalogue
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A unique Scientific Invention is "EVERSHINE". It makes a man look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than his actual age, and gives a surprising increase in vitality and Energy within the first 24 to 48 hours. If you suffer from loss of vigour, Weak Memory and Body, Nervousness, impure blood, Depression, insomnia, Giddiness, Mental and Physical Exhaustion, etc., there is a new hope for you. This well-known product will restore your Youthful Vigour and Vitality. Its; miraculous effect has been systematically tried out in SWITZERLAND on dry plants and trees. Decaying leaves were restored again to their natural green with all the freshness of Spring. "EVERSHINE" is an excellent nerve builde, and ensures a rapid increase in weight from 5 to 10 lbs. within a week. It darkens the whitish grey hair permanently for life, and gives natural new teeth to the old men, and makes for an astopishing improvement in skinny shape. The Roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100%. The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh. Commence taking "EVERSHINE" immediately and let the results speak for themselves. Moreover, before commencing the test, weigh yourself, look in the mirror and observe your appearance. Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror, note exactly how you look and feel, and appreciate the effects of taking "EVERSHINE."

In order to popularise "EVERSHINE" the price is to be Rs. 3/- per Phial with directions for a very short period, after some time its original price of Rs. 15/- per Phial will be charged. Chances for such wonders occur rarely in life. Order to-day for to-morrow may be too late.

NOTE:—A cash Reward of Rs. 5,000 shall be awarded to any Scientist or Medical Man or any of the public who proves the inefficacy of our wonderful invention

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Sir CHUNILAL V. MEHTA K.C.S.I.

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Paid-up Capital	71,21,055
Total Funds	2,59,23,074

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On The Air

MONDAY, AUGUST 5.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. News in Marathi. 7-40 News in Gujarati. 7-50 G. Mustafa. 8 Keep fit. 8-10 Pramila Bai. 8-25 Naghma on the Sarinda. 8-30 A. R. P. (in Marathi). 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 A Topical talk in Marathi. 9-15 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-25 Bhajan Mira Bai. 12-30 p.m. Ish-Stuti. 12-45 Prabhu-ke-Pujari. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Ramante Tatra Devatah: Programme for women in Gujarati. 1-10 Orchestral music. 1-20 Mutual Understanding: Daily lesson in English and Hindustani. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Do you know Madame? 1-40 Lunch Hour Music. 5 Fulaji Buwa. 5-15 Flute and Jaltarang with Tambora and Tabla. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 A Marathi Kirtan. 5-55 Duets from Kirtan. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Fulaji Buwa. 6-30 Nana Ani Mani (Marathi): Programme for children. 7 Ghees No Baja: Talk in Gujarati. 7-15 News play in Gujarati. 7-30 Adana on Sarod. 7-35 Three Thumries. 7-45 Madhurika. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Tomorrow. 8-30 They also Serve, 1: 'The Horse': Talk. 8-45 G. Mustafa. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-50 Pramila Bai. 10 Navsariwala. 10-10 D. V. Paluskar. 10-20 Picked from Zindagi.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 Film music. 7-40 A Sitar recital. 7-50 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 D. V. Paluskar of Poona. 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 p.m. to 12-57 As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Jai Bharat Garba Party. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-30 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 A. R. Khan. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 B. M. Devlanker. 6-10 to 7-30 As in Bombay 1. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Solankar. 8-5 The A I R Bhajan Mandali. 8-15 Pramila Bai. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 D. V. Paluskar. 9-30 Ken Mac and His Band with Beryl Templeman in a programme of the latest dance music.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. A. I. R. Strings. 5-10 Ghulam Mohammad. 5-30 Habib Ali Khan Beenkar: Vichitra Veena recital. 5-50 Khadim Husain. 6-15 Rahimuddin Khan. 6-35 Khayal, Thumri aur Ghazal. 7 Weapons of Victory. 3: Talk in Hindustani. 7-15 Anwar Bai of Agra. 7-30 Afzal Husain. 7-45 The War Work of the Indian Red Cross: Talk. 8 Barkat Ali Khan of Lahore. 8-15 For Villagers only. 10 It has happened or a Sarinda recital. 10-5 Rahimuddin Khan. 10-30 Persian music. 11 Persian music.

Delhi II—Programme

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5 to 8-15 As in Delhi 1. 8-15 Anwar Bai of Agra. 8-30 Khadim Husain. 8-40 Barkat Ali Khan. 9 to 9-30 As in Delhi 1. 9-30 Rahimuddin Khan. 9-45 Habib Ali Khan Beenkar: Vichitra Veena recital. 10 to 10-5 As in Delhi 1 10-5 Afzal Husain. 10-20 Ghulam Mohammad. 10-30 Anwar Bai of Agra. 10-45 Habib Ali Khan Beenkar: Vichitra Veena recital.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. For the Countryside. 5-50 Baidya Nath Pal: Mandolin. 6-5 Profulla Kumar Ghose. 6-20 Amiya Roy. 6-40 Harendra Nath Nundee. 7 Uma Dutt. 7-20 Vilayet Khan: Sitar solo. 7-40 Sachin Dev Burman. 8 Akhrier Didhi: A thriller. 8-20 Sachin Dev Burman. 8-30 Empire at War: Talk from B B C. 9 May Montriou: Soprano. 10 John Phillips and his Orchestra: Popular dance music.

SATYAGRAH IN FRANCE ON A.I.R.

The All-India Radio, Bombay, will produce a Gujarati Newsplay, based on the advice given by General De Gaulle to all Frenchmen to show passive resistance to Nazi rule. Listen in to this interesting item to-day (Monday) at 7-15 p.m. on 244 and 61.48 metres.

Bombay Radio Station's Interesting Programme

Z. A. B. writes:—

Mr. Jugal Kishore Mehra who was till recently the Director of the All-India Radio Station, Bombay, was responsible for introducing many healthy innovations as long as he remained in Bombay. Asking the members of the "Sinf-e-Nazuk." (womanfolk) to come to the Broadcasting Station and to place their masterpieces both in prose and poetry or their views on various matters before the public is indeed a step which should receive the commendation of all. Accordingly the first programme of ladies was broadcast on the 14th instant in which three ladies, Miss Saruprani Nigar, Shahzadi Begum and Mrs. Sarwal, figured. The former recited a few beautiful poems composed by herself while the latter read out two articles of their own. There are many ladies in Bombay who are not only well-read but hold independent views on matters concerning their world, but at present they are living in comparative obscurity. It ought to be the business of the Bombay Station to find them out and to invite them to place their views before the public at large. I am sure, the programmes under this heading will prove not only entertaining and instructive but popular as well. The way in which the local Urdu press has welcomed this innovation, augurs well for the future. Ladies who wish to take advantage of this opportunity, will do well to write to the new Director who, I am sure, will do his best, like his predecessor, to make this feature a success

Bombay Port Trust Employees' Union

At the annual general meeting of the Bombay Port Trust Employees' Union, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta was unanimously elected President of the Union for the coming year. The Union passed resolutions urging the Government to grant a war allowance and for the mediation of the Government Labour Officer in case of a grievance between the Union and the Port Trust not settled within six months.

New York Cotton Market Featureless

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT NEXT WEEK

Price Fixing And Hedging

Bombay, Aug 3

On Friday, the New York cotton futures market was featureless with routine business. There was some trade price fixing against hedge selling. Textile market was quiet after the recent spurt.

The following private crop estimates were issued:—

Messrs. Geo. H. McFadden Bros. estimate the condition at 75 per cent of normal capacity and crop at 11,355,000 bales.

Messrs. Jackson Curtis estimate the cotton crop at 11,100,000 bales.

The Loan announcement is expected to be issued next week and the market will be in a better position to respond to crop news.

NEW YORK MARKET

At the opening October was quoted unchanged at 9.39 on the New York Cotton Exchange and prices fluctuated within a range of 3 points, highest being 9.40 and the lowest was 9.37. It will be observed that there was utter absence of any new business and the session closed at a net rise of one point to a decline of one point. Spot cotton prices improved one point at 10.36c. per lb

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also quiet with a restricted business and closed unchanged to one point down. Spot cotton price remained unchanged at 10.30c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened unchanged at 7.23 for October. Business was stagnant. The sharp break in Bombay had no effect. There was some outside hedge selling and trade calling. The market closed at a decline of 2 to 3 points. Middling American Spot cotton price was unchanged at 7.82d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN MARKET

Egyptian cotton market was quiet. Giza futures declined 3 to 6 points and Uppers futures lost 5 points.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (11-17 a.m.)	9 40+01
New York October lowest (10-4 a.m.)	9.37—02
Liverpool October highest	7.24+01
Liverpool October lowest	7.18—06

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: Market opened quiet and declined further on outsiders hedging. Improved slightly on late trade calling. Bullish.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cables from their New York friends:—

Expect crop estimate 11,500 and loan announcement next week.

Geo. H. McFadden Bros. estimate the condition at seventy-six per cent of capacity and crop at 11,355,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, August 3.

October	9.41
December	9.28
January	9.17
Middling Spot	10.36

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, August 3.

October	9.45
December	9.32
January	9.18
Middling Spot	10.30

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, August 3.

	Bales
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	8,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's Exports to the Continent	nil
Day's Exports to China and Japan	nil

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, August 3.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.02-1/2 to 4.03-1/2
Madrid	37.70 unofficial
Montreal	4.43 to 4.47
Berne	17.70 to 17.80
Stockholm	16.85 to 16.95

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Aug 3

On Friday, London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar sterling cross rate was unchanged at at 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and free sterling was quoted at 3.86 1/2 at New York.

London silver prices were unchanged. Spot being 22 5/16d. and forward at 22 1/16d. The market was quiet with a little business.

New York Spot silver rate was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 3/4.

London Bombay Spot silver parity was Rs. 58-15-6 and forward parity was Rs. 58-6-6. The local market was quiet with scattered selling and silver declined to Rs. 62/7 while gold was quoted at Rs. 41/10/6. The market was very quiet with absence of any important business. Quotations were as under:

GOLD

Ready	Rs. 41 10 6
Shrawan	41 10 6

SILVER

Ready	62 7 0
Shrawan	62 7 0

LONDON SILVER & GOLD
London, August 3.

London Silver, Gold and Stock-Exchange closed to-day (3rd August).

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES
Bombay, Aug 3
RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st Sept

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Khandesh		55,579	38,758
Central India		109,361	225,209
Barsi and Nagar		114,118	94,343
Hyderabad/Gaorani		47,970	4,474
Berar		318,618	162,786
Central Provinces		76,962	38,454
Total Oomras		722,608	564,024
Dholeras		89,397	277,087
N W Provinces		26,079	9,554
Rajputana		35,228	80,270
Sind-Punjab	743	397,509	334,578
Broach		408,748	414,944
Coompta and Dharwar	201	51,256	152,213
Westerns-Northerns	363	37,063	97,353
Cocoanada		86	98
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		1,392	2,537
Total		1,307 1,742,226	1,933,128
Arrived by road to 1st August 1940		339,387	

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS
Bombay, Aug 3

Bengal Fine	138-41
C. P. 1	177-80
C. P. 2	169-70
Berar	168-70
Khandesh	166-68
Jalna/Sailu	166-68
Ahmednagar	166-68
Broach	174-76

AMERICAN COTTON WEEKLY STATISTICS
New York: August 2.

	This Season to-date.	Week.	Corresponding Season 1938-39.	Week 1939
Total in sight (excluding linters)	15	15	101	101
Forward to American Mills including Canada and other American mills (excluding linters)	14	14	63	63
Exports from U. S. Ports	15	15	14	14
Of which to Japan	1	1	2	2
Of which to China	—	—	—	—
Of which to Great Britain	14	14	2	2
Of which to Germany	—	—	3	3
Stock at U. S. Ports	—	2,438	—	1,973
Stock at U. S. interior towns	—	1,950	—	2,439
World's visible supply	—	—	—	6,774
Of which American cotton	—	—	—	4,805
Forwarded to World's Mills (excluding linters)	—	—	86	86
Receipts at U. S. Ports	9	9	36	36

Above are all new season figures.
(N. B.—All in bales 000's omitted).
U. S. Government certificated stocks 17,000 bales.

PEPPER AND GINGER PRICES
Bombay, Aug 3
(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.)

Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	Rs. 82 0 0
Pepper Bhadarwa Sud 15 per candy	81 8 0
Pepper Maha Sud 12 per candy	85 0 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt	16 0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15 per cwt	13 12 0

LONDON SEEDS
London, August 3.

Rozario Santa Fe unquoted.
Barletta Russo unoffered.
South Australian Shipment F.O.B. Parcels 26/9 August/September quoted.

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS
Bombay, Aug 3

Castorseeds	September—	
	Opening	Rs. 36 12 0
	Highest	36 14 0
	Lowest	35 14 0
	Closing	36 0 0
Groundnuts	August—	
	Opening	28 0 0
	Highest	28 5 6
	Lowest	27 9 6
	Closing	27 12 0
Cottonseeds	September—	
	Opening	25 9 0
	Highest	25 15 0
	Lowest	25 8 0
	Closing	25 15 0
Groundnuts	February—	
	Opening	30 8 0
	Highest	30 10 0
	Lowest	30 2 0
	Closing	30 6 9
Castorseeds	May—	
	Opening	37 8 0
	Highest	37 8 0
	Lowest	36 12 0
	Closing	36 12 0
Cottonseeds	January—	
	Opening	22 15 0
	Highest	22 15 6
	Lowest	22 10 0
	Closing	22 15 0

LONDON RUBBER
London, August 3.

Smoked Sheets Standard Ribbed per lb. closed.

TEJI-MANDI PREMIUMS
Bombay, Aug 3

Wheat September	0 3 0
Wheat January	0 8 0
Wheat May	0 11 0
Groundnut February	4 12 0
Castorseed September	2 14 0
Cottonseed September	1 0 0
Silver Shrawan	1 2 0
Gold Shrawan	0 7 0

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1939-40	1938-39
Receipts to date 2-8-40	7833000	4206000
Receipts yesterday 2-8-40	9000	15000
Export to date 2-8-40	6456000	3584000
Stock at Ports 26-7-40	2459000	2029000
Stock at Interior Towns 26-7-40	1976000	2439000
Stock at Liverpool 26-7-40	.....	658000
Visible Supply 26-7-40		4871000
Quantity in sight 26-7-40	13859000	9725000
Quantity out of sight 26-7-40	.....	10489000

SUGAR MARKET
Bombay, Aug 3

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:—
Shipment September Rs. 8-9-0 F R H
Indian sugars ready:—
Ready (ordinary) Rs. 14-9-0 to 14-11-0
Ready (large grain) Rs. 14-12-0 to 15-10-0
Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY METALS
Bombay, Aug 3

Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 55 0 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 65 0 0

Tone:—Steady.

COTTON ROOM RATES
Bombay, Aug 3

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P		145	142	139	136
M G Punjab		145	142	139	136
M G Rajputana		152	149	146	143
M G Oomra No. 3	176	173	170	167	
M G C P No. 1	187	185	182	179	
M G C P No. 2	179	177	174	171	
M G Broach No. 2		177	175	173	170
M G Punjab-American		211	209	207	204
M G Surat		229	227	225	222
M G Rajpipla		223	221	219	216
M G Navsari		236	234	232	229

Turnover 300,000 shares.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Aug 3

Yarn No. 6 1/2s August	122	October	124	December 126
Yarn No. 10 1/2s August	137	October	140	December 142
Yarn No. 20 1/2s August	156	October	169	December 172
Yarn No. 40s August	239	October	241	December 243

INDIAN STERLING LOANS
London, Aug 2

3 per cent	79
3 1/2 per cent	91 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	100
4 per cent 1948/53	104
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	107
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	109
5 per cent 1942/47	103 3/4
3 per cent 1949/52	96
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	73 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	99 7/8
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	110 7/8

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Aug 3

The market experienced a further setback in to-day's session. Tata Deferreds opened at yesterday's closing at 1775 and declined to 1765, while the Ordinaries lost no more than a rupee at 339. Later there was a recovery, the Deferreds rising up to 1775 again and the Ordinaries to 341. Finally, however, Tata Deferreds stood at 1767-8 and the Ordinaries at 339. Textile shares continued listless with Bombay Dyeings quoting steady at 895. Indian Irons ruled at 25-14. Associated Cements were transacted at 112.

The following are the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1775) 1775 1765 1775 1765 1767-8

Tata Ordinaries (340) 339-8 341 339

Tata Ordinary 339; Tata Deferred 1767/8; Indian Iron 25/14; Bombay Dyeing 895; Century 250; Central India 247/8; Kohinoor 340; Associated Cement 112; Bombay Burma 523/12; Scindia Steam 18/7; Tata Hydro 161/14; Reserve Bank 101/4; Imperial Bank F P 1475; Central Bank 35/4; Bank of India 134/8 3 1/2 per cent Paper 90/12.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Aug. 3.

The local cotton market again assumed sagging tendency on reports of increased war preparations. In sympathy with a rise of one point in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 193/8 for Broach A/M delivery but the market opened rupees two below at Rs. 191/8 and declined to Rs. 190/8 on scattered selling. At this level there was some short covering and prices advanced to Rs. 192 but again eased off to Rs. 190/12. The market is now well liquidated and there exists important professional short interest but in view of growing war uncertainty buyers were timid. The market outlook is becoming uncertain, but short covering again appeared and prices recovered to Rs. 192.

Thereafter the market remained quietly steady and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Operators being uncertain business was restricted. The market closed at 3 p.m. as under:—

Broach F G M G—		
July/August	Rs.	193 8 0
April/May 1941		192 0 0
Oomra Fine M G—		
December/January		170 0 0
Bengal F G M G—		
December/January		136 4 0

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 239 penny points at exchange 1/6

Broach A/M below New York May 139 cent points at exchange 331

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES
Bombay, Aug 2

Broach J/A highest 178 3/4 lowest 174 closing 174 1/2

Broach A/M highest 196 3/4 lowest 192 1/4 closing 193 1/4

Oomra D/J highest 175 lowest 171 closing 171 1/2

Bengal D/J highest 140 3/4 lowest 137 closing 137 3/4

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, Aug 2

UPPERS:—	
Spot	11.53—02
October	10.56—01
December	10.46—05
January	10.18—05
March	9.96—05
May	9.89—05
July	9.89—05
GIZA NO. 2:—	
Spot	11.62—01
October	10.81—03
November	10.70—03
January	10.47—06
March	10.27—06
May	10.12—09
July	10.12—09

WALL-STREET MARKET
New York, Aug 2

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amr For Pow 7 per cent Pfd	14 3/4
Amr For Pow 5 per cent Debs	49
Amr Pow Lt 7 per cent Pfd	43 1/4
Electric Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	34
Electric Bond and Share Common	6
Electric Bond and Share dol 5 Pfd	61 3/4
Int Tel and Tel 1952 Debs	28 1/2
Columbia Gas and Electric	5 7/8
Amr Tel and Tel	162 1/4
Sun Life of Canada	180
Western Union Telegraph	17 1/2
New York Central R R	11 7/6
Great Northern Pfd	23
Chesapeake and Ohio	38
Union Pacific	83
Standard Brands	6 1/4
United States Steel	53 7/8
Bethlehem Steel	79
Crucible Steel	31
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	21 3/8
Republic Steel	17 3/8
National Steel	59 1/2
Int Nickel of Canada	22 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining	20 1/4
Chrysler Motors	73 1/2
General Motors	45 1/2
Socony	8 1/2
Standard Oil of N. J.	34
Texas Corporation	36 1/4
Consolidated Oil	6 1/4
Australia 5 per cent 1955	48 1/2

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS

Bombay, Aug 3

725 bags copra; 79 bags gum; 234 bags fish manure; 1787 bags rapeseeds; 225 bags cummin seeds; 779 bags cocoanuts; 1693 bags dry dates; 31 bags empty glass bottles; 123 bundles mats; 100 bundles mattress fibre; 50 bundles perf soap; 991 bundles coir yarn; 196 bundles coir rope; 1061 pkgs dry fruits; 47 nongs motor rubber tyres; 100 cases beer; 37 cases d/c nuts; 25 cases iron panel pins; 1312 bales cotton; 125 pockets cheroli stones

EXPORTS

41 bales cotton pcegoods Grindlay and Co Ltd; 530 tons old iron scrap The Nissho Co Ltd; 76 bales cotton pcegoods The Bombay Dyeing and Mfg Co Ltd; 3800 drums linseed oil Lee and Muirhead; 100 bales raw cotton R Kanji and Co; 25 bales cotton twist waste Champaklal and Co; 1000 bales raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading Co Ltd; 1500 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha Ltd; 19 bales canvas rags Patel and Co.

Plea For Repeal Of Sales Tax On Petrol

The Hon. Secretary, the Bombay Motor Merchants' Association, has addressed the following memorandum to the Secretary, Revenue Department, the Government of Bombay regarding Sales Tax on Motor Spirit in the course of which he says: "With the recent notification regarding the Government policy towards Prohibition, the members of this association feel that the necessity for Sales Tax on motor spirit no longer existed and they, therefore, request the Government of Bombay to repeal the said Sales Tax on motor spirit.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Aug 3

B. C. RATES—
T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 3rd February
LONDON:—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 3rd February
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 3rd February
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.
NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T 333 1/2
Bank's buying T T 330
Bank's buying D D 328
PARIS:—
Bank's selling T T not quoted
Bank's buying T T not quoted
JAPAN:—
Bank's selling T T 84 1/4 nominal
Bank's buying T T 79 1/4 nominal
Bank's buying 60 days 78 1/2 nominal
JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 55 3/4
HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 84 3/4
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 24
SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 157 3/4
CROSS RATES—
Hongkong London 1/3 1/32 3rd inst.
Shanghai London 0/4 1/16 3rd inst.
New York London 3.88 1/2 2nd inst.
London Java 7.58/62 2nd inst.
London New York 4.02 1/2—3 1/2 2nd inst.
London Switzerland 17.70/80 2nd inst.
London Stockholm 16.85/95 2nd inst.
London Japan 1/3 2nd inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £8-8-0 1st inst.
Gold £8-8-0 2nd inst.
Silver London Ready 22 5/16 1st inst.
Silver London Ready 22 5/16 2nd inst.
Silver London Forward 22 1/16 1st inst.
Silver London Forward 22 1/16 2nd inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 1st inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 2nd inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 1st inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 2nd inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 1st inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 2nd inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 3/4 per cent.
6 months 1 per cent.

RESERVE BANK SHARES IN BOMBAY AREA

SIMLA, Aug 2

The tendency of the Reserve Bank's shares to gravitate to the Bombay area of the Bank has continued during the half year under review, says the report of the Reserve Bank of India for the six months ending June 30. The number of shares on the Bombay Register, proceeds the report, has increased by more than three thousand at the expense of the Calcutta and the Delhi registers.

ACT AMENDMENT

The Reserve Bank Act as amended in March 1940 so as to restrict the tendency of the Bank's shares to become concentrated in fewer hands.

It is too early to say whether this amendment will succeed in arresting the steady decline in the number of shareholders of the bank. Though there is no doubt that owing to the limitation placed on the maximum holding of shares it will check the tendency of the shareholders to own large blocks of shares. During the half year under review the total number of shareholders declined further from 57,192 to 56,057.

Easy Borrowings In London Money Market

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, August 3.

On the Money market, borrowers found conditions easy throughout the week. The whole 65 million sterling treasury bills offered were allotted at an average rate of one pound four decimal eight-six pence.

Competition was less keen hence the market received 42 per cent. of its applications compared with 31 per cent. in the previous week.

Wall Street closed irregular.

Ahmedabad Millowners' Contribution To War Fund

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 1.

The Ahmedabad Millowners' Association has decided at its meeting yesterday to purchase Defence Bonds of Rs. 50,000. It is understood the Association will contribute the interest to the War Fund so long as the war lasts.

Sir Mohammad Zafrullah Entertained

(From A Correspondent)

POONA (By Mail)

The Hon. Sir Muhammad Zafrullah Khan, Member for Law and Department of Supplies, Government of India, was the guest of honour at a largely attended Tea Party at the Turf Club House this afternoon, given by Mr. Ahmed Ebrahim Haroon Jaffer, former Member of the Central Legislative Assembly.

Those present at the party included high Civil and Military Officers and leading citizens.

PESHAWAR, August 3.—It is understood that the Russo-Afghan trade agreement which was concluded at Paghman on July 23 will be operative in the first instance for a period of one year.—A. P.

STOCK EXCHANGE TO BE CLOSED ON TUESDAY

Stock Exchange will remain closed on account of the Parsi Holiday of Kadimi New Year's Day, on Tuesday 6th August.

SIND BY-ELECTION POSTPONED

KARACHI, August 3.

The Sind Government, it is understood, is considering the question of postponing the Rohri by-election to the Sind Assembly necessitated by the murder of Mr. H. S. Pamnani, till some time after the expiry of the orders under Section 144 prohibiting public meetings and assembly of more than five persons in the District.

The orders were promulgated recently in view of the disturbed communal situation in the Sukkur District and the murder of Mr. Pamnani.—United Press.

POLICEMAN AND VILLAGER KILLED

Sequel To Exchange Of Shots With Gangsters

PESHAWAR, August 3.

On learning that Rabnawaz Mamashkel and Zallal, two associates of the Faqir of Ipi were in Mahatti in Harakza village near Mirian, Police Superintendent of Bannu accompanied by a strong force of police proceeded to the spot and encountered a gang of 40 hostiles last night. Firing was exchanged and as a result one constable and a villager were killed and possibly more outlaws were wounded. The police later arrested nine persons for complicity.

Manzali, an outlaw for whom a reward of Rs. 500 had been offered was arrested by the police party last night near Lakimarwat. Manzali is the right hand man of Sardodi, a notorious hostile.—A. P.

STATUS OF MUSLIM LEAGUE

MADRAS, Aug. 3.

"The Muslim League was slumbering for a long time, but during the last four years it has attained a position equal to that of the Congress," observed Mr. A. R. Siddiqui, Mayor of Calcutta, addressing a public meeting at the "Big Mosque," Triplicane, this evening under the auspices of Madras Presidency Muslim League.

Mr. Siddiqui referred to the statement issued by him against the celebration of Deliverance Day, which had displeased some people in certain quarters. He felt that the celebration would lower the prestige of the League. It was certainly no act of indiscipline on his part.

He said the one organisation that represented truly the millions of Muslims of India and that would give them the right lead was the Muslim League.—A. P.

KUSTORE COLLIERY STRIKE ENDS

JHARIA, Aug. 3.

The three-month-old strike by the workers of the Kustore Colliery terminated yesterday evening, as a result of an agreement arrived at between the colliery authorities (Raniganje Colliery Association) and labour leaders in the presence of Mr. R. E. Russel, Adviser to His Excellency the Governor of Bihar.—A.P.

Train Service Dislocated On N. W. Railway

LAHORE, August 3.

Due to heavy rains, the railway line has been breached at several places between Bhogpur, Sirwal and Mukerian on the North-Western Railway. The pier of a bridge was also washed away. Train service between these stations has been suspended.

The Divisional Railway Officer states that transhipment is not possible. No. 203 Up Mixed is held up, and the duration of the block is uncertain. It is probable, the officer adds, that the traffic will be delayed for 24 hours.—United Press.

Rajen Babu's Condition Satisfactory

WARDHA, August 3.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, who has been ailing since his arrival here, from Poona, was examined to-day by the civil surgeon, who told the "Associated Press" later that his general condition was satisfactory and that there is no cause for anxiety.—A. P.

Importance Of Insurance During War Time

AHMEDABAD, (By Mail.)

Under the auspices of the Neptune Club a meeting of the local insurance public was held. Dewan Bahadur H. L. Kazi, the Principal of the Gujarat College presided over the meeting. Mr. J. C. Thaker, the Managing Governor of the International Bank of India Ltd., was to speak on "War and Insurance", but on account of his other urgent engagement outside Ahmedabad, he could not attend the meeting. However, he sent his written speech which was read by Mr. S. V. Thakkar.

Mr. J. C. Thaker in his speech emphasized that during war time, insurance is more essential. Then the President explained Insurance as National Saving, and conveyed to the public at large to have more insurance during these days.

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THE INDUSTRIAL & AGRICULTURAL
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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: MONDAY, AUGUST 5, 1940

SERVA

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Boom For Indian Sugar Industry

Relief For Factory-Owner & Cane-grower

Syndicate Restored Statutory Recognition In U. P. & Bihar

RANCHI, Aug. 4.

STATUTORY RECOGNITION HAS BEEN RESTORED TO THE INDIAN SUGAR SYNDICATE, WHICH WILL NOW BE REORGANISED WITH LARGER GOVERNMENT CONTROL, UNDER THE TERMS OF AN AGREEMENT, REACHED BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTS OF BIHAR AND THE UNITED PROVINCES AND THE SYNDICATE.

It will be remembered that the two Governments withdrew statutory recognition from the Syndicate in June last, and absolved the Indian sugar factories from the obligation of being members of the Syndicate following differences between two parties on the question of the stabilisation of sugar prices, since last crushing season.

RELIEF FOR CANEGROWERS.

Now after the recent negotiations between the two Governments on the one hand and the Syndicate on the other, at which representatives of the Imperial Bank of India were also present, it has been agreed that the present prices of Sugar must be brought down and correlated with probable prices of the next crushing season in order to relieve factories of the stocks and thereby to give maximum relief to the canegrowers; and that production in the year 1941-42 should be regulated according to demand by regulating cultivation, while the surplus stocks of the current year should be carried over to the following year.

STATUTORY RECOGNITION

In order to give effect to the above measures, states a joint "communique" issued by the Governments of Bihar and the United Provinces, it is necessary that a marketing organisation should be set up under the full control of the Government in respect of its policy regarding price quota and production. As the Sugar syndicate is now willing to work in accordance with the above scheme, the Governments of Bihar and the United Provinces have decided to restore statutory recognition, subject to the condition that it will forthwith amend its articles of association and enable fuller Government control.

The changes in the constitution of the syndicate required by the Government and agreed to by the syndicate are that the syndicate will have headquarters at Cawnpore and the body will be a selling organisation only for the purpose of regulating sales within the limits of prices and quotas fixed by the Government, and will confine its activities exclusively to marketing of sugar.

SUGAR COMMISSION

The election of the Chairman of the Syndicate will be subject to Government approval, and the Executive Officer of the Syndicate will be nominated by the Government. Further, a Sugar Commission will be set up by the two Governments which will be the final authority on the subject of Government Control on all matters connected with the production and sale of sugar, as well as other matters regarding cane prices, basic prices and quotas before the mills. All information relating to prices, quotas etc., will be confidential till released for publication by the Commission.

The Joint communique traces the recent developments in the Sugar Industry and explains the Government viewpoint. A communique on the subject is expected to be issued by the Syndicate soon.—A. P.

Sir Shafaat Ahmad Khan Back To Allahabad

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 4.

Sir Shafaat Ahmad Khan, whose term as Officiating Member of the Federal Public Service Commission expired on July 31, has now returned and has resumed his office as the Professor of History, Allahabad University.—A. P.

WHEN VIOLENCE IS RIGHTEOUS!

Savarkar's Plea To Meet Armed Aggression With Armed Defence

POONA, August 4.

Absolute violence and absolute non-violence are both equally sinful and ethically wrong. Violence is necessary and righteous when used against aggressor for defence and without defence mankind will not have survived the primitive stages of its existence", said Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President of the Hindu Mahasabha, addressing a crowded meeting at Sanivarwada last evening.

Mr. Savarkar added man triumphed over the wild beasts that surrounded him only because he could contrive artificial devices of attack and defence. He said that armed defence was the only right and moral method of meeting an armed aggression.

Mr. Savarkar then referred to the recent resolution of the Congress passed at the A. I. C. C. with regard to external aggression and internal disorder and said that even this did not go far enough. It still looked as though armed self-defence was a necessary sin or evil. This attitude, said the speaker, must be changed.

Concluding Mr. Savarkar impressed on the audience that non-violence was a sin as it left a country unprotected against foreign aggression. He added that armed defence was absolutely necessary to meet armed aggression.

Mr. Savarkar left for Bombay at night by the last passenger from where, it is understood, he will proceed to Nagpur to attend the forthcoming meeting of the Working Committee of the Hindu Mahasabha.—A. P.

FOLLOW DICTATES OF ISLAM

Call To Tribesmen To Stop Raids And Kidnappings

PESHAWAR, Aug. 3.

Din Faqir is reported to be addressing Jirgas of tribesmen in Waziristan urging the cultivation of peaceful inter-tribal relations and exhorting people to honour the dictates of Islam and not to harm or hurt in any manner any Muslim

It is also stated that he is advising the tribesmen to refrain from committing raids and kidnappings.—A. P.

MAHATMA SAYS

CONGRESS HAS GONE OFF THE RAILS!

Cherishes 'Happy Hope' That Sardar And The Rest Will Come Back To The Way They Have Abandoned

BOMBAY, August 4.

"I have no doubt that the Sardar has gone off the track, or rather that it is beyond his capacity to go my way", writes Mahatma Gandhi in "Harijan" under the caption "There is violence in it".

Mahatma Gandhi adds: "He has chosen a different path with my consent, nay encouragement. Therefore, those who are in doubt should follow the Sardar. I believe the Sardar will see his error and come back to the way he has abandoned, when he discovers in himself the capacity that he feels he has not. When that happy moment arrives, if it does, the rest will also come back to me with the Sardar. That is the safest way for them."

"Violence In It"

Following is the full text of the article:

"Shri Surendra, a co-worker from Boriavi, who reads my articles usually in "Harijanbandhu", the Gujarati edition of "Harijan", has expressed his painful surprise that in my article on the Working Committee's statement issued from Wardha, I had written to the effect that "I was unhappy that the privilege of a friendship of many years had now become a thing of yesterday." 'Is there not violence in these words'? he asks.

I was startled to see these words put into my mouth, and wrote to him at once that I could not have said them. For I had no doubt that there was violence in the very thought that a friendship of 20 years had become a thing of yesterday. I could say this of no friendships I have formed, much less of my friendship with the Sardar. Having repeated all these years, the precept of loving even one's enemies, how could I break my friendship with a colleague like the Sardar? My differences with Malaviyaji and Shastriar have not affected in the least my friendship with them. That a friendship should not bear the strain of difference in views is a sure sign of intolerance".

"PLAINLY INCONSISTENT."

"So I turned to "Harijanbandhu" and found that what Surendraji was referring to was a translation of the following words "Unhappy because, my word seemed to lose the power to carry with me those whom it was my proud privilege to carry all these many years which seem like yesterday."

These words could not possibly bear the meaning that was attributed to me in the translation. Besides, it was plainly inconsistent with the words I had written only a few sentences before:

"Though it is a break in the common practice of a common ideal or policy, there is no break in the friendship of 20 years' standing".

My unhappiness was not over any break of friendship—there was no such break—but over the fact that my word seemed suddenly to have lost the power that it had until Yesterday. The friendship endured, but I had to do more self-purification to regain the co-operation that I had lost. That was the burden of the article.

But this accidentally erroneous translation shows that my decision to write in Gujarati was right in more ways than one. Translations made by Translators, however competent, are likely sometimes to be faulty. The Bible was translated by some forty able scholars, but it has been found to contain errors be they ever so few.

"GONE OFF THE RAILS".

The friendship, then, will endure. Time will even make it stronger if possible, but that does not affect the fact that in spite of my best effort I have not been able to prevent differences on a fundamental issue. Yet, the more I think about it, the more I feel that in adopting the attitude it has done, the Congress has gone off the rails. It has lost the capital built with patient labour."

Perhaps it may be said that the Congress had really no such capital to lose. For the non-violence of the Congress was confined to its struggle against constituted authority. That remains intact. It had not defined its attitude—there was no occasion for it—with regard to other fields. The permission to use force in individual self-defence had been given as early as the Gaya Congress. There is force in these arguments. But I know that a fair number of Congressmen believe that the Congress non-violence applied to all the fields, including internal disorder and external aggression. Non-violence restricted to a struggle against constituted authority is like a corpse lifeless. But no amount of argument for or against can shake convictions that come from the heart.

TRIBUTE TO SARDAR

All honour to the Sardar and others for holding fast by their conviction. The Sardar is no man of words, he is a man of action. He does not look around or about himself, when he has decided upon a course of action He simply goes ahead. May he always be thus.

My way is clear before me. But what of those who have followed the Sardar and me in the belief that we are always of one mind? They are in a difficult situation. If their ahimsa is not part of their being but only a reflection of mine, it is their duty to follow the Sardar. I have no doubt that the Sardar has gone off the track, or rather that it is beyond his capacity to go my way. He has chosen a different path with my consent, nay encouragement. Therefore those who are in doubt should follow the Sardar. I believe the Sardar will see his error and come back to the way he has abandoned, when he discovers in himself the capacity that he feels he has not. When that happy moment arrives, if it does, the rest will also come back to me with the Sardar. That is, the safest way for them.

FOR THE TRULY NON-VIOLENT

But those who have no doubt about their course, those who have assimilated ahimsa, those for whom ahimsa is the only way out of all difficulties, should quietly retire from the Congress and bury themselves in various non-violent activities. If they are truly non-violent, they will prevent a split in the Congress. Their retirement makes any split out of the question. But even after retiring they will not come in conflict with the Congress. They will give the Sardar any help that he summons for non-violent activities, and they will try to lay down their lives wherever there is an occasion to do so in the event of internal disturbances.

If it is possible to form small bands of satyagrahis after my pattern, it is of course desirable. They should be able not only to keep the flag of ahimsa flying, but should also be able to convert Congressmen by their steadfastness and success. For there are many Congressmen who desire that ahimsa should be the rule of life in all fields, only they doubt its practicability. It is my duty, and that of those who think with me, to dispel this doubt by successful application of ahimsa in the new fields.

INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION FOR WAR PURPOSES

10,000 More Technicians Wanted In Nine Months: Committee's Recommendations

SIMLA, August 3.

The Committee to enquire into the facilities available in technical institutions for training skilled personnel for governmental and private industry, in connection with war production, which was recently appointed by the Government of India is understood to have made its report.

In order to carry out the expansion programme already decided upon nearly 10,000 additional technicians will be needed either at once or at stages during the next nine months. As these cannot be trained in the ordinary way, they will have to be conscripted from the ranks of skilled workers engaged in private industry supplemented by technical students who are about to complete their courses of training. In addition to these, the annual requirements of the Defence Services for trained personnel will amount to about 3,000 men.

FIRST STEP

The Committee as a first step laid down a minimum standard of proficiency required for the most important classes of technicians and adopted a course of intensive training for this purpose. It thereafter, with the consent of the authorities concerned deputed representatives to inspect selected technical institutions with a view to ascertaining what accommodation was available immediately or could be made available by the provision of extra equipment, and instructors for training additional men. It is learnt that the institutions so far inspected could train nearly 3,000 men without disturbing, to any serious extent, the courses of existing students.

The Committee is also of opinion that considerably more men could be trained wherever it may be practicable to introduce the shift system.

25 TRADE CATEGORIES.

The Committee has also classified the requirements into about 25 trade categories and have made recommendations as to which institutions are best fitted to undertake training in a particular trade or trades.

The Committee has also recommended that students at existing technical institutions should be asked whether they would be prepared to undertake intensive courses of training for subsequent employment in War industries.

Apart from the needs of the Defence Services and of certain Government departments, which can already be approximately satisfied, the Committee has had under consideration the possible requirements likely to arise from a general expansion of industry for war purposes. It is felt that much could be done to satisfy these by exploring the possibilities in a number of other technical institutions, which it has not been possible to survey within the month allowed to the Committee for making its report.

The Report is understood to contain a number of detailed recommendations for giving effect to the scheme proposed.—A. P.

KEY-MEN FOR "NATIONAL SERVICE"

CONSCRIPTION TO EUROPEAN SUBJECTS IN INDIA: ITS SCOPE AND POSSIBILITY

SIMLA, August 4.

Application of conscription to European subjects under the National Service Ordinance will, it is anticipated, bring an addition of well over a thousand in the next few months to all ranks of the technical and non-technical branches of the armed forces says a Press Note.

The Ordinance applies to all European subjects in India between the ages of 18 and 50, but as already announced, the present intention is to call up for non-technical military service all those, available and found suitable, between the ages of 19 and 35.

A proportion of men between 35 and 46 who have had previous military experience will also be called upon.

For service in sedantary duties there is no age limit, while certain technical branches may take men upto the age of 50.

The National Service Act, with its protective provisions in relation to civil employment, only applies, it should be noted, to those called under the Ordinance to serve for the duration of the War who are recommended through the Statutory Advisory Committees. The genuineness of any conscientious objection to military service will be decided by the National Service Advisory Committees whose duty it is to advise District and Area Military commanders on the suitability and availability of individuals. Clear instructions have been issued to prevent business concerns being deprived of minimum personnel to carry on their activities.

National service naturally implies that key-men must be prepared to shoulder extra burdens in order to release others.

Special consideration is being given to the executive and technical requirements of key and semi-key industries whose work is of National consequence. Recruitment will also be undertaken in consultation with the National Advisory Committees for Civil National Service on the supply side of the war effort.

KEY INDUSTRIES

The following have been classed as Key industries:— cotton, chemicals, engineering, jute, leather, mining, oil production and distribution, public utilities, ocean shipping, tanning and wool. In addition, shipping, medicine, paper, sugar and tea are classed as semi-key occupations.

TRAINING FACILITIES

The officers' training school at Belgaum will continue to take in cadets upto its capacity of three hundred. Further training facilities are being provided at Bangalore. Technical courses for commissions in the Ordnance Branch are being provided at Jubbalpore, while the engineers have their own schools at Bangalore and Kirkee. Key-men and others not called up for service under the Crown in a military or civilian capacity will be expected to join the active or reserve strengths of Auxiliary Force units whose ranks will naturally be severely depleted by the conscription of younger men. Those found suitable for duty in Military Service with the Regular forces will be called up in batches as required and every effort is being made to give individuals ample notice. The National Service Ordinance does not affect persons already in the service of the Crown.—A. P.

Exploits Of Charlie Chan

Hollywood Murder

By Alfred Andriola

IT'S VAN CARR!
I-I JUST CAME BACK FOR MY PIPE!
QUICK KIRK! THE BRACELETS!
TAKE IT EASY, BROTHER!
WHY-YOU-YOU-
KIRK! HELP ME TO OPEN CAMERA!
HAH! NOW WE SEE WHY HE IS SO ANXIOUS TO ADJUST CAMERA!
HOLY CATS!
Alfred Andriola 7-19
McNaught Syndicate, Inc.
MISS LANE

Khadi-mindedness In Orissa

CALCUTTA, July 31.

Orissa is becoming more "khadi-minded", according to Mr. Annadaprasad Chowdhury, organiser of the Utkal branch of the All-India Spinners' Association.

In a statement to the press, Mr. Chowdhury says that the sale of khadi in the Province during the first half of 1940 amounted to Rs. 37,664 as against Rs. 35,164 during the corresponding period of the previous year.—A. P.

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